	Case 8:16-cv-01774 Document 1 Filed 09	/23/16 Page 1 of 27 Page ID #:1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ROBERT E. FREITAS (SBN 80948) rfreitas@fawlaw.com JASON S. ANGELL (SBN 221607) jangell@fawlaw.com JESSICA N. LEAL (SBN 267232) jleal@fawlaw.com FREITAS ANGELL & WEINBERG LL 350 Marine Parkway, Suite 200 Redwood Shores, California 94065 Telephone: (650) 593-6300 Facsimile: (650) 593-6301  Attorneys for Plaintiffs Broadcom Corporation and Avago Technologies General IP	.P
9	Avago Technologies General IP (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	
10	UNITED STATES	S DISTRICT COURT
11	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
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13	BROADCOM CORPORATION AND AVAGO TECHNOLOGIES	No.
14	GENERAL IP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
15	Plaintiffs,	
16	v.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
17	AMAZON.COM, INC. and AMAZON WEB SERVICES, INC.	
18	Defendants.	
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		COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiffs Broadcom Corporation and Avago Technologies General IP (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (collectively referred to as "Broadcom") file this Complaint for Patent Infringement of several United States patents as identified below (collectively, the "Patents-in-Suit") and allege as follows:

**PARTIES** 

- 1. Plaintiff Broadcom Corporation is a corporation formed under the laws of California with its principal place of business at 5300 California Ave., Irvine, California 92617.
- 2. Plaintiff Avago Technologies General IP (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. is a corporation with a tax registration number 2005-12430-D, formed under the laws of Singapore with its principal places of business at 1320 Ridder Park Dr., San Jose, California 95131 and 1 Yishun Avenue 7, Singapore 768923.
- 3. On information and belief, Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon.com") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with a principal place of business at 410 Terry Avenue North, Seattle, Washington 98109, and it may be served through its registered agent at Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Rd. Ste. 400, Wilmington, Delaware 19808.
- 4. On information and belief, Defendant Amazon Web Services, Inc., ("AWS") is a Delaware corporation headquartered at 410 Terry Ave. N., Seattle, Washington 98109, and it may be served through its registered agent at CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service, 2710 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 150N, Sacramento, California 95833. AWS is registered to do business in the state of California and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amazon.com.

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. Broadcom brings this civil action for patent infringement under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et. seq.*, including 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.

- 6. Broadcom's causes of action arise, at least in part, from Amazon.com's and AWS's (collectively "Amazon") business contacts and other activities in the State of California and in this District. Upon information and belief, Amazon has committed acts of infringement within this District and the State of California by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing into the United States products and services that infringe one or more claims of the Patents-in-Suit as set forth herein. Further, Amazon induces others within this District to infringe one or more claims of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 7. On information and belief, Amazon solicits customers within this District and the State of California, and has many customers who are residents of the State of California and this District who purchase and use Amazon's products and services alleged to infringe the Patents-in-Suit.
- 8. On information and belief, Amazon maintains multiple offices in this District and the State of California, including offices in Santa Monica, Irvine, and San Luis Obispo. Amazon maintains scores of "fulfillment centers" throughout the United States, which are locations to which products are shipped and stored prior to delivery to customers. Amazon operates multiple fulfillment centers in the State of California and the District, including three in San Bernardino County and two in Riverside County. Amazon operates multiple data centers in the State of California, including at least two "edge locations" used in the delivery of audio and video data and content to customers in the greater Los Angeles area. On information and belief, Amazon employs residents of this District to work in it facilities in this District.
  - 9. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400.

### **PATENTS-IN-SUIT**

10. On February 9, 1999, the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") duly and legally issued, after a full and fair examination, U.S. Pat. No. 5,870,087 ("the '087 Patent"), titled "MPEG Decoder System and Method Having a

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- Unified Memory for Transport Decode and System Controller Function," to inventor Kwok Kit Chau. A true and correct copy of the '087 Patent is attached as Exhibit A to this complaint.
- 11. On June 1, 2004, the USPTO duly and legally issued, after a full and fair examination, U.S. Pat. No. 6,744,387 ("the '387 Patent"), titled "Method and System for Symbol Binarization," to inventor Lowell Winger. A true and correct copy of the '387 Patent is attached as Exhibit B to this Complaint.
- 12. On March 10, 2015, the USPTO issued a Certificate of Correction for the '387 Patent. A true and correct copy of the Certificate of Correction for the '387 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to this complaint.
- 13. On January 3, 2006, the USPTO duly and legally issued, after a full and fair examination, U.S. Pat. No. 6,982,663 ("the '663 Patent"), titled "Method and System for Symbol Binarization," to inventor Lowell Winger. A true and correct copy of the '663 Patent is attached as Exhibit D to this complaint.
- 14. On February 28, 2006, the USPTO duly and legally issued, after a full and fair examination, U.S. Pat. No. 7,006,636 ("the '636 Patent"), titled "Coherence-Based Audio Coding and Synthesis," to inventors Frank Baumgarte and Christof Faller. A true and correct copy of the '636 Patent is attached as Exhibit E to this complaint.
- 15. On September 1, 2009, the USPTO duly and legally issued, after a full and fair examination, U.S. Pat. No. 7,583,805 ("the '805 Patent"), titled "Late Reverberation-Based Synthesis of Auditory Scenes," to inventors Frank Baumgarte and Christof Faller. A true and correct copy of the '805 Patent is attached as Exhibit F to this Complaint.
- On August 6, 2002, the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. Patent 16. No. 6,430,148, titled "Multidirectional Communication Systems," to Steven Richard Ring ("the '148 Patent"). A true and correct copy of the '148 Patent is attached as Exhibit G to this complaint.

1 17. On July 20, 2004, the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 2 6,766,389, titled "System On A Chip For Networking," to Mark D. Hayter, and 3 Joseph B. Rowlands, James Y. Cho ("the '389 Patent"). A true and correct copy of 4 the '389 Patent is attached as Exhibit H to this complaint. 5 18. On November 13, 2007, the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. 6 Patent No. 7,296,295, titled "Media Processing System Supporting Different Media" 7 Formats Via Server-Based Transcoding," to Marcus Kellerman, Jeyhan Karaoguz, 8 and James D. Bennett ("the '295 Patent"). A true and correct copy of the '295 9 Patent is attached as Exhibit I to this complaint. 10 19. 11 12

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- On October 9, 2012, the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 8,284,844, titled "Video decoding system supporting multiple standards" to Alexander G. MacInnis, Jose R. Alvarez, Sheng Zhong, Xiaodong Xie, and Vivian Hsiun ("the '844 Patent"). A true and correct copy of the '844 Patent is attached as Exhibit J to this complaint.
- 20. On December 31, 2002 the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 6,501,480, titled "Graphics Accelerator," to Alexander G. MacInnis, Chengfuh Jeffrey Tang, Xiaodong Xie, James T. Patterson, and Greg A. Kranawetter ("the '480 Patent"). On July 13, 2010, a reexamination certificate issued that confirmed the patentability of certain claims, as amended. A true and correct copy of the '480 Patent is attached as Exhibit K to this complaint.
- 21. On January 22, 2002, the USPTO duly and legally issued U.S. Patent No. 6,341,375, titled "Video on Demand DVD System," to Daniel Watkins ("the'375 Patent"). A true and correct copy of the '375 Patent is attached as Exhibit L to this complaint.

### **BACKGROUND**

22. In 2014, Avago Technologies Limited acquired LSI Corporation, including its patent portfolio. The patent portfolio covers innovative technologies developed by LSI as well as cutting-edge technologies invented by its predecessor

- companies, including Agere Systems, Inc., Lucent Technologies, AT&T Corporation, and Bell Laboratories. These companies were preeminent in the semiconductor industry and at the forefront of technological innovations in this and other areas.
- 23. In 2016, Avago Technologies Limited acquired Broadcom Corporation, consolidating significant technological knowledge and patent portfolios under the umbrella of a new parent entity, Broadcom Limited. Broadcom Corporation had long been known as an innovator of technologies for wired and wireless communication, enterprise storage, and industrial facilities. Broadcom Corporation spent billions of dollars in research and development which lead to thousands of cutting edge technologies and products. Broadcom Corporation's significant investment in research and development also lead to its substantial patent portfolio.
- 24. Amazon is aware of Broadcom's patent portfolio, including specifically at least some of the patents asserted in this Complaint, based on communications between Amazon and Broadcom, Avago Technologies, and/or LSI Corporation. Representatives of Broadcom, Avago Technologies, and/or LSI Corporation repeatedly attempted to engage Amazon in licensing discussions. In a last attempt to engage in discussions without litigation, Broadcom again contacted Amazon on or about June 22, 2016 to request a meeting. Amazon did not respond to Broadcom's inquiry. Left with no other choice, Broadcom brings this action.

#### COUNT 1

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 5,870,087

25. Amazon infringes at least claim 1 of the '087 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271 (a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, such as the Fire HD 10 tablet, that meet each and every limitation of claim 1.

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- 26. Claim 1 of the '087 Patent is directed to an MPEG decoder system that includes a single memory for use by transport, decode, and system controller functions, comprising: (1) a channel receiver for receiving an MPEG encoded stream; (2) transport logic coupled to the channel receiver that de-multiplexes one or more multimedia data streams from the encoded stream; (3) a system controller coupled to the transport logic that controls operations within the MPEG decoder system; (4) an MPEG decoder coupled to receive one or more multimedia data streams output from the transport logic, wherein the MPEG decoder operates to perform MPEG decoding on the multimedia data streams; and (5) a memory coupled to the MPEG decoder, wherein the memory is used by the MPEG decoder during MPEG decoding operations, wherein the memory stores code and data useable by the system controller which enables the system controller to perform control functions within the MPEG decoder system, wherein the memory is used by the transport logic for de-multiplexing operations; (6) wherein the MPEG decoder is operable to access the memory during MPEG decoding operations; (7) wherein the transport logic is operable to access the memory to store and retrieve data during de-multiplexing operations; and (8) wherein the system controller is operable to access the memory to retrieve code and data during system control functions.
- 27. Amazon's products that are adapted to or are capable of decoding electronic video files or video data streams infringe at least claim 1 of the '087 Patent. The Amazon Fire HD 10 includes a system controller and a graphics processor that meet the elements of claim 1. For example, the Fire HD 10 includes a quad core MediaTek MT8135 system on chip platform which includes a PowerVR G6200 graphics processing unit. The Amazon Fire HD 10 is further capable of decoding MPEG encoded data. The Fire HD 10 includes a channel receiver for receiving an MPEG encoded stream. An encoded data stream typically consists of audio, video, and program and system information protocol data, which

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- 28. On information and belief, other Amazon products perform MPEG decoding and similarly infringe one or more claims of the '087 Patent. Such other products include the Fire HD 8, Fire, Fire HDX 8.9, Fire HD 7, Fire HD 6, Kindle Fire HD 7, Kindle Fire HD 8.9, Kindle Fire HD7, Kindle Fire tablets, and Amazon's Fire TV.
- 29. Amazon has had notice of the '087 Patent and its infringement of the '087 Patent since at least April 30, 2013.
- 30. Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claims 1 and 10 of the '087 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products, especially their capabilities to decode audio and video media. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon

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encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to decode and present encoded media in a way that infringes the '087 Patent.

31. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '087 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 2

### Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,744,387

- 32. Amazon infringes at least claim 3 of the '387 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, or offers to sell, in the United States products and services, such as its Amazon Elastic Transcoder, that meet each and every limitation of claim 3.
- 33. Claim 3 of the '387 patent is directed to a binarization system comprising: (1) means for determining if a code symbol index value is less than a threshold value; (2) means for constructing a codeword using a unary binarization if said code symbol index value is less than said threshold value; and (3) means for constructing a codeword using a exp-Golomb binarization if said code symbol index value is not less than said threshold value.
- 34. Amazon's products, such as its Amazon Web Services and, in particular, the Amazon Elastic Transcoder, are capable of encoding video information in accordance with the MPEG-4 standard, set forth by the Motion Pictures Expert Group. Certain portions of the MPEG standards are also adopted by the standards and recommendations provided by the International Telecommunications Union's Standardization Sector (ITU-T). The Amazon Elastic Transcoder, for example, supports H.264, which is provided by the ITU-T. The encoding methodology claimed by the '387 Patent allows Amazon's video files, or those of Amazon's customers, to reduce file size or bit rate. On information and belief, other Amazon products that support H.264 encoding, also infringe at least

one claim of the '387 Patent.

- 35. The Amazon Elastic Transcoder uses hardware and software for encoding video using context-adaptive binary arithmetic coding ("CABAC"). CABAC is incorporated into the standards adopted by MPEG and ITU-T. For example, consistent with certain profiles of the H.264 standard, Amazon Elastic Transcoder's hardware and software include a binarization system that determines a value for the content that is to be encoded. In the case of CABAC encoded H.264 data, the system utilizes unary exp-Golomb binarization as part of the process to encode the content.
- 36. Amazon has had notice of the '387 Patent and of its infringement of the '387 Patent since at least the filing of this complaint.
- 37. On information and belief, Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 3 of the '387 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its Amazon Elastic Transcoder, especially its capabilities to encode H.264 video data. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its services for transcoding video data, including CABAC encoding in a way that infringes the '387 Patent.
- 38. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '387 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's ongoing infringement is willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

### COUNT 3

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,982,663

39. Amazon infringes at least claims 1 and 11 of the '663 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, such as its Fire tablets, that meet each and every limitation of claims 1 and 11.

- 40. Claim 1 of the '663 Patent is directed to a method of generating an index value from a codeword for digital video decoding, comprising the steps of:

  (A) setting said index value to a threshold in response to a first portion of said codeword having a first pattern; (B) adding an offset to said index value based on a second pattern in a second portion of said codeword following said first portion in response to said first portion having said first pattern; and (C) adding a value to said index value based on a third pattern in a third portion of said codeword following said second portion in response to said first portion having said first pattern.
- 41. Claim 11 of the '663 Patent is directed to a system comprising: (1) a decoder configured to generate a codeword; and (2) a circuit configured to (a) set an index value to a threshold in response to a first portion of the codeword having a first pattern, (b) add an offset to the index value based on a second pattern in a second portion of the codeword following the first portion in response to the first portion having a first pattern, and (c) add a value to the index value based on a third pattern in a third portion of the codeword following the second portion in response to the first portion having the first pattern.
- 42. Amazon's products, such as its Fire tablets, are capable of decoding video information in accordance with the MPEG-4 standard, set forth by the Motion Pictures Expert Group. Certain portions of the MPEG standards are also adopted by the standards and recommendations provided by the International Telecommunications Union's Standardization Sector (ITU-T). The Fire tablets, for example, support H.264, which is provided by the ITU-T. The decoding methodology claimed by the '663 Patent allows Amazon's products to accept encoded files that reduce file size or bit rate required by the system. Other Amazon products, such as the FireTV, also infringe at least one claim of the '663 Patent.
- 43. Amazon's Fire tablets perform the methods of claim 1 of the '663 Patent. Upon receiving an encoded data stream, the accused Fire tablets generate an index value from a codeword for digital video encoding by (a) setting the index

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value to a threshold in response to a first portion of the codeword having a first pattern, (b) adding an offset to the index value based on a second pattern in ta second portion of the codeword; and (c) adding a value to the index value based on a third pattern in a third portion of the codeword following the second portion in response to the first portion having a first pattern.

- 44. Amazon Fire tablets include hardware and software for decoding video data encoded using CABAC. Amazon's Fire tablets infringe claim 11 of the '663 Patent because they includes a system comprising a decoder configured to generate a codeword and a circuit that is able to read the various patterns in the encoded data to generate a value associated with the original content as part of the process to decode the encoded data.
- 45. Amazon has had notice of the '663 Patent and of its infringement of the '663 Patent since at least July 30, 2015.
- Amazon also induces the infringement by its customers of claims 1 46. and 11 of the '663 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products, especially their capabilities to decode video data. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products and to use the products to encode and decode video data in a way that infringes the '663 Patent.
- 47. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '663 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

### COUNT 4

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,006,636

48. Amazon infringes at least claim 23 of the '636 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, such as its Fire tablets, that perform each and every step of at least claim 23.

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- 49. Claim 23 of the '636 Patent is directed to an apparatus for synthesizing an auditory scene, comprising: (1) a time-frequency transformer configured to convert an input audio signal from a time domain into one or more frequency bands in a frequency domain, wherein each band comprises a plurality of sub-bands; (2) an auditory scene synthesizer configured to apply an auditory scene parameter to each band to generate two or more output audio signals, wherein the auditory scene parameter is modified for each different sub-band in the band based on a coherence value, wherein the coherence value is related to perceived width of a synthesized audio source corresponding to the two or more output audio signals; and (3) one or more inverse time-frequency transformers configured to convert the two or more output audio signals from the frequency domain into the time domain.
- 50. Amazon's products, such as its Fire tablets, are capable of decoding audio data to effectively synthesize an audio scene. As advertised on Amazon's website, Amazon's Fire tablets are capable of decoding MPEG-4 part 3 encoded audio that uses parametric stereo encoding to synthesize audio scenes that allow the listener to perceive the spatial location of the various audio sources within the scene. The encoding mechanism utilizes coherence and associated parameters to encode the audio scene. Decoders are then able to decode and process this information to synthesize the scene. The MPEG-4 part 3 compliant decoders, such as those used in Amazon's Fire tablets, include hardware and/or software that convert incoming audio data from the time domain into the frequency domain and apply the parameters to generate audio signals that recreate the audio sources within a scene. The MPEG-4 part 3 compliant products also include hardware and/or software to convert the frequency domain signals back into the time domain. The resulting audio output is able to recreate, for the listener, the original audio scene as was encoded.

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- 51. On information and belief, other Amazon products that decode MPEG-4 part 3 encoded audio similarly infringe one or more claims of the '636 Patent. Such other products include Amazon's Fire TV.
- Amazon has had notice of the '636 Patent and of its infringement of the '636 Patent since at least July 30, 2015.
- 53. Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 23 of the '636 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products, especially their capabilities to decode audio and video media. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to decode and present the encoded media in a way that infringes the claims of the '636 Patent.
- Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '636 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 5

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,583,805

- 55. Amazon infringes at least claim 36 of the '805 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, such as its Fire tablets, that practice each and every limitation of at least claim 34.
- 56. Claim 36 of the '805 Patent is directed to an apparatus for synthesizing an auditory scene, comprising: (1) a configuration of at least one time domain to frequency domain (TD-FD) converter and a plurality of filters, the configuration adapted to generate two or more processed FD input signals and two or more diffuse FD signals from at least one TD input channel; (2) two or more combiners adapted to combine the two or more diffuse FD signals with the two or more processed FD input signals to generate a plurality of synthesized FD signals; and

1 (3) two or more frequency domain to time domain (FD-TD) converters adapted to 2 convert the synthesized FD signals into a plurality of TD output channels for the 3 auditory scene, wherein: (a) the configuration comprises: (i) a first TD-FD 4 converter adapted to convert the at least one TD input channel into a plurality of FD 5 input signals; (ii) a plurality of delay nodes adapted to delay the FD input signals to 6 generate a plurality of delayed FD signals; and (iii) a plurality of multipliers 7 adapted to scale the delayed FD signals to generate a plurality of scaled, delayed 8 FD signals; (b) the delay nodes are adapted to delay the FD input signals based on 9 inter-channel time difference (ICTD) data; and (c) the multipliers are adapted to 10 scale the delayed FD signals based on inter-channel level difference (ICLD) and 11 inter-channel correlation (ICC) data. 12

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57. Amazon's products, such as its Fire tablets, are capable of decoding audio data to effectively synthesize an audio scene. Amazon's Fire tablets are capable of decoding MPEG-4 part 3 encoded audio that uses parametric stereo encoding to synthesize audio scenes that allow the listener to perceive the spatial location of the various audio sources within the scene. This encoding also accounts for the fact that audio signals generally reach a listener's ears at different times with different audio levels. The encoding and decoding mechanisms utilize the difference in level, time, and coherence between various channels of the audio data to synthesize the audio scene. The MPEG-4 part 3 compliant decoders, such as those included in Fire tablets, include hardware and/or software that convert and filter incoming audio data from the time domain and the frequency domain. The devices also include hardware and /or software to process and combine the frequency domain signals, including delaying and scaling certain signals based on the level, time, and coherence differences to allow the products to ultimately decode the encoded audio scene. The MPEG-4 part 3 compliant products also include hardware and/or software to convert the frequency domain signals back into the time domain. The resulting audio output is able to recreate, for the listener, the

encoded audio scene.

- 58. On information and belief, other Amazon products similarly infringe one or more claims of the '805 Patent. Such products include Amazon's FireTV and other products that decode audio data according to MPEG-4 part 3.
- 59. Amazon has notice of the '805 Patent and of its infringement of the '805 Patent since at least July 30, 2015.
- 60. Amazon also induces the infringement by its customers of at least claim 36 of the '805 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products, especially their capabilities to decode audio and video media. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to decode and present the encoded media in a way that infringes the '805 Patent.
- 61. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '805 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 6

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,430,148

- 62. Amazon infringes at least claim 8 of the '148 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, such as its Amazon Dash Button, that comply with, are compatible with, and/or implement any part of any version of the IEEE 802.11 standard, including without limitations Clause 18 (titled "Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) PHY specification"), that practice each and every limitation of at least claim 8 of the '148 Patent.
- 63. Claim 8 of the '148 Patent is directed to an apparatus for use in an OFDM communication system. The apparatus comprises a first OFDM device for

- 64. Amazon's products, such as its Amazon Fire HD 10 tablet, are compatible with the IEEE 802.11 Standard. As an 802.11-compatible product, the accused product is an apparatus for use in an OFDM communication system. Upon information and belief, the accused product comprises a first OFDM device for communicating with a second OFDM device at a remote station. Upon information and belief, the accused product is configured to add a pilot signal to a plurality of data signals, generate a plurality of sub-carrier signals by modulating the pilot signals and data signals, and generate a plurality of sub-carrier frequency signals by performing an inverse fast Fourier transformation on the sub-carrier signals for transmission to the remote station.
- 65. On information and belief, other Amazon products similarly infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent. Such products include Amazon's Paperwhite E-reader, Dash Button, FireTV, and Echo.
- 66. Amazon has had notice of the '148 Patent and of its infringement of the '148 Patent since at least July 30, 2015.
- 67. Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 8 of the '148 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to communicate using the 802.11 Standard in a way that infringes the '148 Patent.
- 68. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '148 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and

continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

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#### COUNT 7

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### Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,766,389

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- 69. Amazon infringes at least claim 1 of the '389 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, that include a system on chip ("SoC") digital media processing chips, such as its
- '389 Patent.

FireTV and Echo, that practices each and every limitation of at least claim 1 of the

- 70. Claim 1 of the '389 Patent is directed to an integrated circuit. The integrated circuit comprises (1) at least one processor coupled to a bus; (2) a cache memory coupled to the bus to cache data for the integrated circuit; (3) a memory controller coupled to the bus; (4) a bridge circuit coupled to the bus: and (5) at least one interface circuit to couple to a network external to the integrated circuit, the at least one interface circuit also coupled to the bridge circuit to allow the bridge circuit to initiate transactions onto the bus for data transfer between the bus and the at least one interface circuit.
- 71. The Amazon FireTV uses a Mediatek MT8173 SoC media processing chip. The Amazon Echo uses a Texas Instruments DM3725 digital media processing chip. Both the Fire TV and the Echo include an integrated circuit that includes at least one processor coupled to a bus; a cache memory coupled to the bus to cache data for the integrated circuit; a memory controller coupled to the bus; a bridge circuit coupled to the bus; and at least one interface circuit to couple to an external network. The bridge circuit is also coupled to the interface circuit to allow the bridge circuit to initiate transactions onto the bus for data transfer between the bus and interface circuit.

- 72. On information and belief, other Amazon products similarly infringe one or more claims of the '389 Patent. Such products include Amazon's Fire HD 10, Fire HD 8, and Fire HD 6 tablets.
- 73. Amazon has had notice of the '389 Patent and of its infringement of the '389 Patent since at least the filing of this complaint.
- 74. Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 1 of the '389 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its products. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to process digital media in a way that infringes the '389 Patent.
- 75. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '389 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 8

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 7,296,295

- 76. Amazon infringes at least claim 12 of the '295 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, that reformat media content for delivery to user devices, such as the Amazon CloudFront and Amazon Elastic Transcoder products and services, that practice each and every limitation of at least claim 12 of the '295 Patent.
- 77. Claim 12 of the '295 Patent is directed to a method for reformatting media content. The method comprises (1) receiving, by a first server, a device profile of a first communications device; (2) receiving, by a second server operatively coupled to the first server, media content destined for the first communications device, the second server being operatively coupled to the first communications device via a network; and (3) reformatting, by the second server,

the media content based on the device profile received by the first server.

- 78. The Amazon CloudFront and Elastic Transcoder product utilizes "origin" and "edge" servers to deliver media content. The origin servers, such as an Amazon S3 "bucket," hold digital content such as digital video or image files. The digital content files can be transcoded into formats that are compatible with particular end user devices before the files are sent to end user devices. The digital files are transcoded from an original format into one or more other file formats. The transcoded files are sent to edge servers before being sent to end user devices.
- 79. In the Amazon CloudFront and Elastic Transcoder products, a first server receives a device profile of a first communications device. A second server operatively coupled to the first server receives media content destined for the first communications device, the second server being operatively coupled to the first communications device via a network. The second server reformats the media content based on the device profile received by the first server.
- 80. Amazon has had notice of the '295 Patent and of its infringement of the '295 Patent since at least the filing of this complaint.
- 81. On information and belief, Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 12 of the '295 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of the Amazon CloudFront and Elastic Transcoder. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to use its products and services to transcode and deliver digital content in a way that infringes the '295 Patent.
- 82. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '295 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement has been, and continues to be, willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### **COUNT 9**

Amazon infringes at least claim 1 of the '844 Patent under at least 35

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 8,284,844

 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, that decode digital video data, such as its Fire TV, that practices each and every

 limitation of at least claim 1 of the '844 Patent.

84. Claim 1 of the '844 Patent is directed to a digital media decoding

system. The system comprises (1) a processor adapted to control a decoding process; and (2) a hardware accelerator coupled to the processor and adapted to

perform a decoding function on a digital media data stream, wherein the accelerator

is configurable to perform the decoding function according to a plurality of

decoding methods.

83.

85. The Amazon Fire TV product is a digital media decoding system. The Fire TV utilizes a MediaTek MT8173 SoC. The processor in the MT8173 is adapted to control a decoding process, and the chip has a hardware accelerator coupled to the processor and adapted to perform a decoding function on a digital media system. The accelerator is configurable to perform the decoding function according to a plurality of decoding methods.

86. On information and belief, other Amazon products similarly infringe one or more claims of the '844 Patent. Such products include Amazon's Fire tablets.

87. Amazon has had notice of the '844 Patent and of its infringement of the '844 Patent since at least the filing of this complaint.

88. On information and belief, Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 1 of the '844 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of its Amazon Fire TV. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase

and use its products decode digital media in a way that infringes the '844 Patent.

89. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '844 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement will continue to be willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 10

#### Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,501,480

- 90. Amazon infringes at least claim 3 of the '480 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, that that reformats media content for delivery to user devices, such as the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud ("EC2") product, that practices each and every limitation of at least claim 3 of the '480 Patent.
- 91. Claim 3 of the '480 Patent is directed to a graphics accelerator that comprises an integrated circuit. The integrated circuit comprises (1) a local memory for storing graphics data, the graphics data including pixels; (2) a coprocessor for performing operations on a plurality of components of a pixel of the graphics data; and (3) a direct memory access (DMA) engine for transferring the graphics data between an external memory and the local memory, wherein the graphics accelerator is working on operands and producing outputs for one set of pixels, while the DMA engine is bringing in operands for a future set of pixel operations, and wherein the DMA engine transfers data from the external memory directly to each of a plurality of processing pipelines of the integrated circuit.
- 92. Amazon Web Services with graphics processors, such as those with the Nvidia GPU instances used in the EC2, infringe at least claim 3 of the '480 Patent. The EC2 product utilizes a graphics accelerator that includes an integrated circuit. The integrated circuit in the Nvidia GPU used in the EC2 product includes a local memory for storing graphics data, the graphics data including pixels. The

- integrated circuit further includes a coprocessor for performing operations on a plurality of components of a pixel of the graphics data, and a DMA engine for transferring the graphics data between an external memory and the local memory. The graphics accelerator works on operands and producing outputs for one set of pixels, while the DMA engine is bringing in operands for a future set of pixel operations, and the DMA engine transfers data from the external memory directly to each of a plurality of processing pipelines of the integrated circuit.
- 93. Amazon has had notice of the '480 Patent and of its infringement of the '480 Patent since at least the filing of this complaint.
- 94. On information and belief, Amazon also induces infringement by its customers of at least claim 3 of the '480 Patent. Amazon promotes and advertises the use of the Amazon EC2 product. Examples of Amazon's promotional materials appear on the company's website. Amazon encourages its customers to purchase and use its products to process digital media in a way that infringes the '480 Patent.
- 95. Amazon continues to infringe one or more claims of the '480 Patent, despite being aware of its infringement. Amazon's infringement will continue to be willful and deliberate, and has caused and continues to cause substantial damage to Broadcom.

#### COUNT 11

# Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,341,375

- 96. Amazon infringes at least claim 15 of the '375 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) and (b). Amazon makes, uses, sells, offers to sell, or imports into the United States products, systems, software, and/or methods, in whole or in part, that distributes video to user devices, such as its CloudFront product, that practice each and every limitation of at least claim 15 of the '375 Patent.
- 97. Claim 15 of the '375 Patent is directed to a method for distributing video. The method comprises the steps of (1) presenting a plurality of compressed data streams with a drive server to a control server in response to one or more first

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control signals; (2) distributing said one or more compressed data streams received from said drive server with said control server to one or more decoder devices in response to one or more request signals; (3) decoding at least one of said one or more compressed data streams with said one or more decoders in response to receiving said one or more compressed data streams from said control server; and (4) presenting at least one signal selected from a decoded video signal and a decoded audio signal in response to decoding said at least one of said one or more compressed data streams, wherein at least one of said one or more decoders is disposed in a separate room from said control server and said driver server, wherein a first portion of a selected one of said compressed data streams is presented to one of said decoder devices and a second portion of said selected compressed data streams is presented to another of said decoder devices.

98. The Amazon CloudFront product utilizes "origin" and "edge" servers to deliver media content. The origin servers, such as an Amazon S3 "bucket," hold digital content such as compressed digital video or image files. The CloudFront product distributes the one or more compressed data streams to one or more decoder devices that are supplied by Amazon or Amazon customers. Amazon hardware and/or software decode and display or cause the decoding and displaying of the compressed data streams and the presentation of a decoded video or audio signal. If Amazon does not perform the decoding and displaying steps of claim 15, Amazon directs and controls end users to perform the decoding and displaying steps, and conditions participation in an activity and receipt of a benefit upon the end users' performance of the decoding and displaying steps, and establishes the manner and timing of that performance. The decoder devices are disposed in separate rooms from the drive server(s) and the control server(s). A first portion of a selected one of the compressed data streams is presented to one of the decoder devices, and a second portion of the selected compressed data stream is presented to another of the decoder devices.

(	ase 8:16-cv-01774 Document 1 Filed 09/23/16 Page 26 of 27 Page ID #:26
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1	f. Ordering that Amazon is required to pay exemplary damages pursuant
2	to 35 U.S.C. § 284; and
3	g. Awarding Broadcom such other costs and further relief as the Court
4	deems just and proper.
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6	
7	Dated: September 23, 2016 ROBERT E. FREITAS JASON S. ANGELL
8	JESSICA N. LEAL FREITAS ANGELL & WEINBERG LLP
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11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Broadcom Corporation and
12	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Broadcom Corporation and Avago Technologies General IP (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.
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# **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Broadcom demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable. Dated: September 23, 2016 ROBERT E. FREITAS JASON S. ANGELL JESSICA N. LEAL FREITAS ANGELL & WEINBERG LLP /s/Jason S. Angell Jason S. Angell Attorneys for Plaintiffs Broadcom Corporation and Avago Technologies General IP (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.