	Case 3:16-cv-02693-GPC-KSC Document 1 F	iled 10/31/16 Page 1 of 81	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Michael K. Friedland (SBN 157,217) michael.friedland@knobbe.com Lauren K. Katzenellenbogen (SBN 223,370) lauren.katzenellenbogen@kmob.com Ali S. Razai (SBN 246,922) ali.razai@knobbe.com Daniel C. Kiang (SBN 307,961) daniel.kiang@knobbe.com KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, I 2040 Main Street, Fourteenth Floor Irvine, CA 92614 Telephone: (949) 760-0404 Facsimile: (949) 760-9502		
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff OAKLEY, INC.		
9			
10 11			
12	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
13	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
14			
15	OAKLEY, INC., a Washington corporation,	Civil Action No.:16CV2693 GPC KSC	
16	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
17	V.		
18 19	CHARLES MERCHANDISE INC. d/b/a APOLLO EYEWEAR., an Illinois corporation,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
20	Defendant.		
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28			
		COMPLAINT	

Plaintiff Oakley, Inc. ("Oakley") hereby complains of Charles Merchandise Inc. d/b/a Apollo Eyewear ("Apollo" or "Defendant") and alleges as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281 and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338 as these claims arise under the laws of the United States.
- 2. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant has a continuous, systematic, and substantial presence within this judicial district including by selling and offering for sale infringing products in this judicial district, and by committing acts of infringement in this judicial district, including but not limited to selling infringing eyewear directly to consumers and/or retailers in this district and selling into the stream of commerce knowing such products would be sold in California and this district, which acts form a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to Oakley's claim.
- 3. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b), 1391(d), and 1400(b).

II. THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff Oakley is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Washington, having its principal place of business at One Icon, Foothill Ranch, California 92610.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Apollo is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, having its principal place of business at 390 Windy Point Dr., Glendale Heights, IL 60139-2177.
- 6. Oakley is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant has committed the acts alleged herein within this judicial district.

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III. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 7. Oakley is one of the world's most iconic brands. The company and its products, particularly in the realm of eyewear, are instantly and universally recognized for their innovative technology and distinctive style. Since its founding, Oakley's engineers and designers have worked continuously to bring new technology and breakthrough designs to the market.
- 8. Oakley has been actively engaged in the manufacture and sale of high quality eyewear since at least 1985. Oakley is the manufacturer and retailer of several lines of eyewear that have enjoyed substantial success and are protected by various intellectual property rights owned by Oakley.
- 9. On February 19, 2013, the United States Patent and Trademark office ("USPTO") duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D676,480 ("the D480 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D480 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D480 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 10. On July 3, 2012, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D662,967 ("the D967 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D967 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D967 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 11. On October 22, 2013, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D692,047 ("the D047 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D047 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D047 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- 12. On February 19, 2013, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D676,479 ("the D479 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D479

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27 28 as Exhibit E. 14. On July 31, 2007, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United

Patent. A true and correct copy of the D479 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit

United States Design Patent No. D649,579 ("the D579 Patent"), titled

"Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in

the D579 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D579 Patent is attached hereto

On November 29, 2011, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued

Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D794

States Design Patent No. D547,794 ("the D794 Patent"), titled "Eyeglasses."

Patent. A true and correct copy of the D794 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

- 15. On November 6, 2007, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D554,689 ("the D689 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass Frame." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D689 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D689 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit G.
- 16. On December 4, 2007, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D556,818 ("the D818 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass" Components." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D818 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D818 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit H.
- 17. On March 10, 2015, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D724,135 ("the D135 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass or Components Thereof." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D135 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D135 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit I.

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- 18. On March 11, 2014, the USPTO duly and lawfully issued United States Design Patent No. D700,933 ("the D933 Patent"), titled "Eyeglass." Oakley is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the D933 Patent. A true and correct copy of the D135 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit J.
- 19. Defendant makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, and/or imports into the United States eyewear that infringes Oakley's intellectual property rights, including the D480 Patent, the D967 Patent, the D047 Patent, the D479 Patent, the D579 Patent, the D794 Patent, the D689 Patent, the D818 Patent, the D135 Patent, and the D933 Patent (the "Asserted Patents").
- 20. Oakley has provided the public with constructive notice of its patent rights pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 287.
- 21. Defendant's acts complained of herein have caused Oakley to suffer irreparable injury to its business. Oakley will continue to suffer substantial loss and irreparable injury unless and until Defendant is enjoined from its wrongful actions complained of herein.
- 22. Oakley is informed and believes, and on that basis, alleges, that Defendant's acts complained of herein are willful and deliberate.

IV. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Patent Infringement)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 23. Oakley repeats and re-alleges the allegations of paragraphs 1-22 of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
 - 24. This is a claim for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 25. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D480 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to

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the claim of the D480 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *R8020* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

R8020 U.S. Patent No. D676,480	Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
	R8020	U.S. Patent No. D676,480

26. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D480 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D480 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *R8020* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D480 Patent. Defendant infringed the D480 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D480 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D480 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

27. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D967 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a

design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D967 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *R8020* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
R8020	U.S. Patent No. D662,967
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28. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D967 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D967 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *R8020* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D967 Patent. Defendant infringed the D967 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D967 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D967 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

29. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D047 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a

design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D047 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *CC7005* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
CC7005	U.S. Patent No. D692,047

30. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D047 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D047 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *CC7005* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D047 Patent. Defendant infringed the D047 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D047 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D047 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

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31. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D479 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D479 Patent, including for example, Defendant's CC7012 model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
CC7012	U.S. Patent No. D676,479

Defendant's acts of infringement of the D479 Patent were 32. undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D479 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's CC7012 model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D479 Patent. Defendant infringed the D479 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D479 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D479 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

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33. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D579 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D579 Patent, including for example, Defendant's CC7013 model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
CC7013	U.S. Patent No. D649,579

34. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D579 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D579 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's CC7013 model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D579 Patent. Defendant infringed the D579 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D579 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D579 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

 35. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D794 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D794 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *ME6053FM* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
ME6053FM	U.S. Patent No. D547,794
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36. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D794 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D794 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *ME6053FM* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D794 Patent. Defendant infringed the D794 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D794 Patent. Defendant's acts of

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infringement of the D794 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

37. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D689 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D689 Patent, including for example, Defendant's ME6053FM model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
ME6053FM	U.S. Patent No. D554,689
CANAL STREET	

38. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D689 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D689 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's ME6053FM model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D689 Patent. Defendant infringed the D689 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D689 Patent. Defendant's acts of - 11 -

infringement of the D689 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

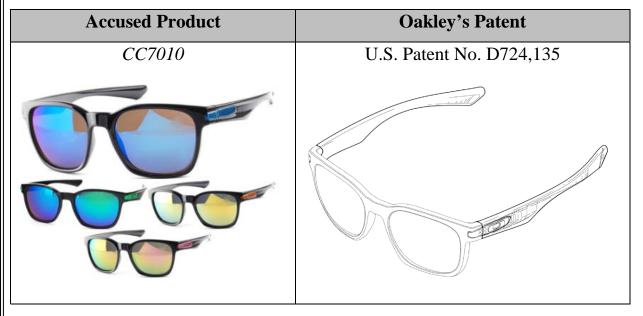
39. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D818 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D818 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *ME6053FM* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
ME6053FM	U.S. Patent No. D556,818
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40. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D818 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D818 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *ME6053FM* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D818 Patent. Defendant infringed the D818 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that

its actions constituted infringement of the D818 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D818 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

41. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D135 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D135 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *CC7010* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.



42. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D135 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D135 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *CC7010* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D135 Patent. Defendant infringed the D135 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights.

Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D135 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D135 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

43. Defendant, through its agents, employees, and servants has, and continues to, knowingly, intentionally, and willfully infringe the D933 Patent by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing eyewear having a design that would appear to an ordinary observer to be substantially similar to the claim of the D933 Patent, including for example, Defendant's *CC7010* model sunglasses as shown below, which were sold and/or offered for sale on Defendant's website, http://www.apolloeyewear.com/.

Accused Product	Oakley's Patent
CC7010	U.S. Patent No. D700,933

44. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D933 Patent were undertaken without permission or license from Oakley. Upon information and belief, Defendant had actual knowledge of Oakley's rights in the design claimed in the D933 Patent. Oakley and its iconic designs are well-known throughout the eyewear industry, and Defendant's *CC7010* model sunglasses are nearly identical copies of Oakley's design. Accordingly, Defendant's actions constitute willful and intentional infringement of the D933 Patent. Defendant

infringed the D933 Patent with reckless disregard of Oakley's patent rights. Defendant knew, or it was so obvious that Defendant should have known, that its actions constituted infringement of the D933 Patent. Defendant's acts of infringement of the D933 Patent were not consistent with the standards of commerce for its industry.

- 45. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's acts of infringement, Defendant has derived and received gains, profits, and advantages in an amount that is not presently known to Oakley.
- 46. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, Oakley is entitled to damages for Defendant's infringing acts and treble damages together with interests and costs as fixed by this Court.
- 47. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, Oakley is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees for the necessity of bringing this claim.
- 48. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 289, Oakley is entitled to recovery of Defendant's total profits from Defendant's infringement of Oakley's design patents.
- 49. Due to the aforesaid infringing acts, Oakley has suffered great and irreparable injury, for which Oakley has no adequate remedy at law.
- 50. Defendant will continue to infringe Oakley's patent rights to the great and irreparable injury of Oakley, unless enjoined by this Court.

WHEREFORE, Oakley prays for judgment in its favor against Defendant for the following relief:

- A. An Order adjudging Defendant to have willfully infringed the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. § 271;
- B. A preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendant, its respective officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with Defendant, from (1) making, using, selling, offering to sell, and/or importing Defendant's eyewear

1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
2	Plaintiff Oakley, Inc. hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so
3	triable.
4	Respectfully submitted,
5	KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP
6	
7	Dated: October 31, 2016 By: /s/Ali S. Razai
8	Michael K. Friedland michael.friedland@knobbe.com
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10 11	ali.razai@knobbe.com Daniel C. Kiang daniel.kiang@knobbe.com
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13	Attorneys for Plaintiff OAKLEY, INC.
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TABLE OF EXHIBITS Page # Exhibit A......1 Exhibit B......6 Exhibit F27 Exhibit I43 Exhibit J......48

EXHIBIT A

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

US D676,480 S (45) **Date of Patent:** ** Feb. 19, 2013

(54)	EYEGLA	SS
(75)	Inventor:	Jae Shin, Irvine, CA (US)
(73)	Assignee:	Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
(**)	Term:	14 Years
(21)	Appl. No.:	29/425,632
(22)	Filed:	Jun. 25, 2012
	Rel	ated U.S. Application Data
(63)		on of application No. 29/412,198, filed on 12, now Pat. No. Des. 662,967.
(51)	LOC (9) C	Cl 16-06
(52)	U.S. Cl. D16/335 ; D16/323	
(58)	Field of Classification Search D16/101,	
	D16/	300–342, 900; D29/109–110; D24/110.2;
		351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–123,
	3	51/140, 153, 45–46; 2/426–432, 447–449,
	2/	441, 434–437, 13, 15; D21/483, 659–661;
		D14/372

(56)References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

See application file for complete search history.

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3,476,466	A	11/1969	Hopkins et al.
D369,375	S	4/1996	Jannard et al.
D401,607	S	11/1998	Miniutti
D402,305	S	12/1998	Tragatschnig
D423,034	S	4/2000	Arnette
D424,598	\mathbf{S}	5/2000	Simioni
D450,745	S	11/2001	Thixton et al.
D464,669		10/2002	Thixton et al.
D469,458	S	1/2003	Baden et al.
D478,114	S	8/2003	Yee
D500,781	S	1/2005	Mage
D536.027	S	1/2007	Paulson

D536,363	\mathbf{S}	*	2/2007	Miklitarian	D16/326
D558,816	S		1/2008	Yee	
D561,813	S		2/2008	Baden et al.	
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D650,825	S	*	12/2011	Yee et al.	D16/326
D652,442	S		1/2012	Yee et al.	
D654,947	S	*	2/2012	Shin et al	D16/326
D659,182	S		5/2012	Shin et al.	
D662,124	S		6/2012	Shin	
D662,125	S		6/2012	Yee	
D662,967	S		7/2012	Shin	
8,240,846	B_2		8/2012	Ogren et al.	

^{*} cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

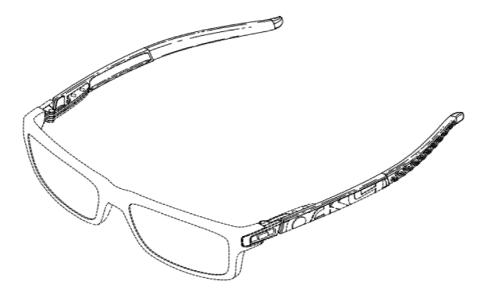
(57)**CLAIM**

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

- FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass of the present invention;
- FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;
- FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;
- FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;
- FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,
- FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.
- The broken line portions of the drawings are for illustrative purposes only and form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets

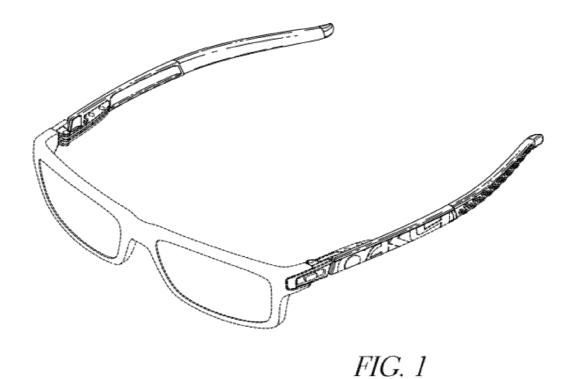


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US D676,480 S



EXHIIBIT A
Page 2

U.S. Patent Feb. 19, 2013

Sheet 2 of 4

US D676,480 S

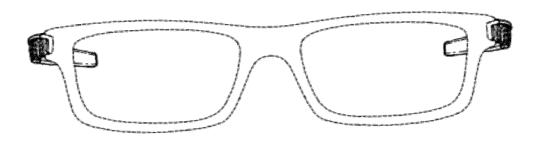


FIG. 2

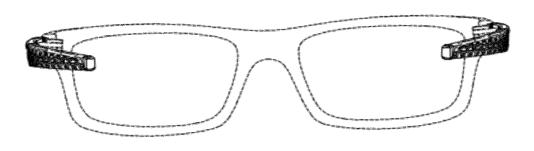


FIG. 3

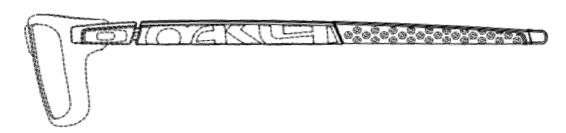


FIG. 4

EXHIIBIT A Page 3

Feb. 19, 2013

Sheet 3 of 4

US D676,480 S

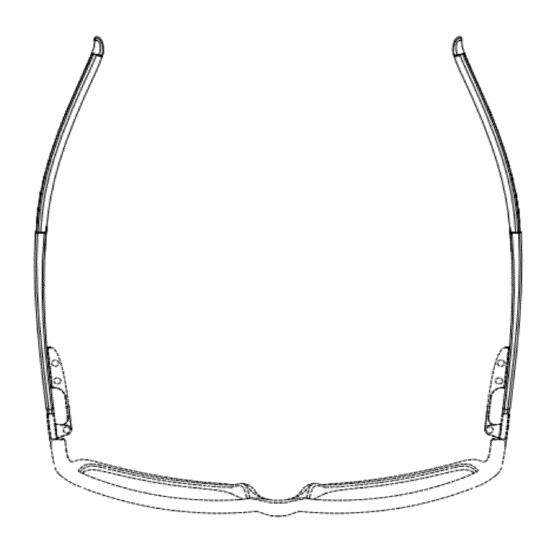


FIG. 5

Feb. 19, 2013

Sheet 4 of 4

US D676,480 S

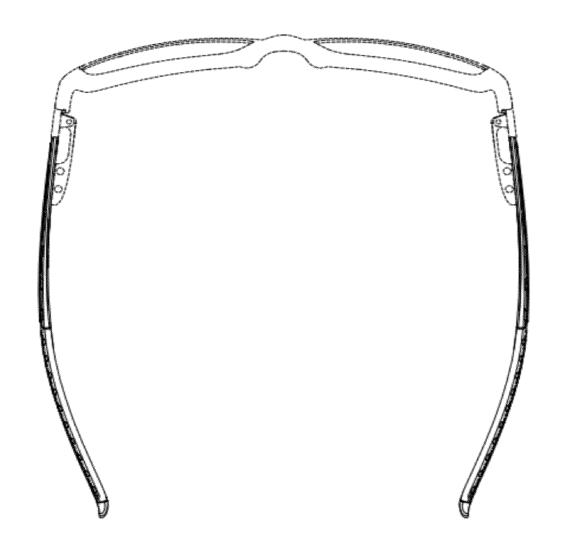


FIG. 6

EXHIBIT B



(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.: Shin

US D662,967 S

(45) **Date of Patent:** Jul. 3, 2012

(54)	EYEGLASS

(75) Inventor:	Jae Shin,	Irvine	, CA ((US)

(73) Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)

Term: 14 Years

(21) Appl. No.: 29/412,198

(22) Filed: Jan. 31, 2012

(51) LOC (9) Cl. 16-06

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **D16/326**; D16/335

D16/300-342, 900; D29/109-110; D24/110.2; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–123, 351/140, 153, 45-46; 2/426-432, 447-449, 2/441, 434–437, 13, 15; D21/483, 659–661;

D14/372

See application file for complete search history.

(56)**References Cited**

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3,476,466	Α		11/1969	Hopkins et al.	
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D401,607	S		11/1998	Miniutti	
D402,305	\mathbf{S}		12/1998	Tragatschnig	
D423,034	\mathbf{S}		4/2000	Arnette	
D424,598	S		5/2000	Simioni	
D464,669	S		10/2002	Thixton et al.	
D469,458	S		1/2003	Baden et al.	
D500,781	S		1/2005	Mage	
D536,027	\mathbf{S}		1/2007	Paulson	
D536,363	S	ajk	2/2007	Miklitarian	D16/326
D549,764	\mathbf{S}	*	8/2007	Teng	D16/326
D555,187	\mathbf{S}	*	11/2007	Yee	D16/326

D558,816	S		1/2008	Yee	
D561,813	S		2/2008	Baden et al.	
D567,843	S	sķt	4/2008	Miklitarian	D16/326
D571,392	S	*	6/2008	Miklitarian	D16/326
D572,747	S		7/2008	Baden et al.	
D577,759	S		9/2008	Yee	
D580,963	S	*	11/2008	Yee	D16/326
D599,838	S	*	9/2009	Rohrbach	D16/326
D621,438	S		8/2010	Markovitz et al.	
D629,444	\mathbf{S}		12/2010	Akarra et al.	
D645,076	S		9/2011	Markovitz et al.	
8,020,988	B_2	!	9/2011	Ogren et al.	
D650,825	S	*	12/2011	Yee et al	D16/326
D652,442	\mathbf{S}		1/2012	Yee et al.	

^{*} cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

(57)**CLAIM**

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass of the present

FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;

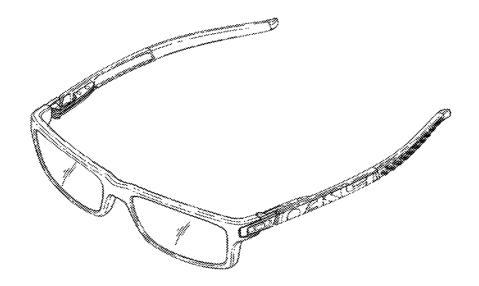
FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

The broken line portions of the drawings are for illustrative purposes only and form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



Jul. 3, 2012

Sheet 1 of 4

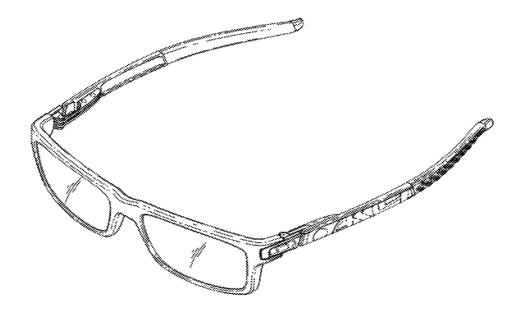
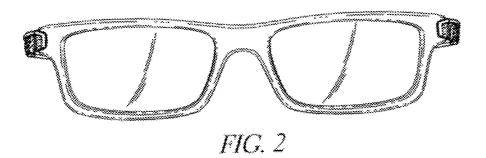


FIG. 1

Jul. 3, 2012

Sheet 2 of 4







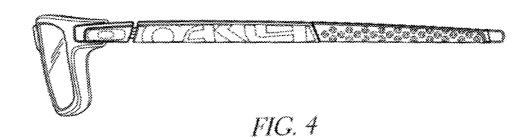


EXHIBIT B Page 8

Jul. 3, 2012

Sheet 3 of 4

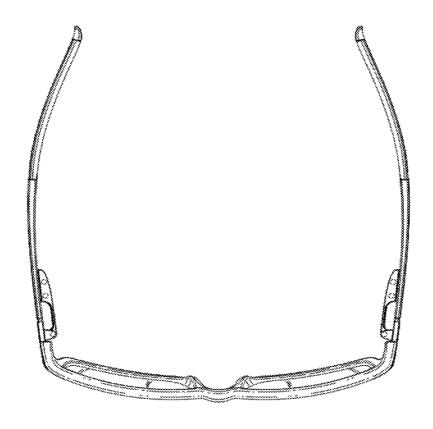


FIG. 5

Jul. 3, 2012

Sheet 4 of 4

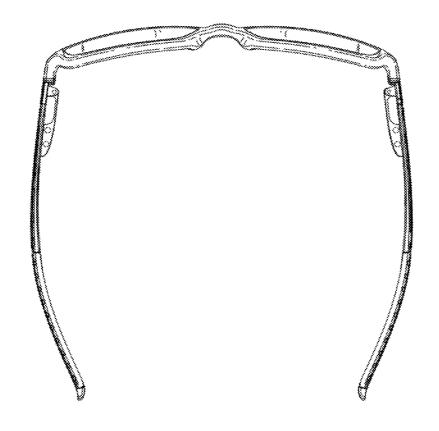


FIG. 6

EXHIBIT C

(12) United States Design Patent

(10) **Patent No.:**

US D692,047 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

** Oct. 22, 2013

(54) EYEGLASS

- (71) Applicant: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
- (72) Inventor: Jae Shin, Irvine, CA (US)
- Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
- (**) 14 Years Term:
- Appl. No.: 29/444,586
- (22) Filed: Jan. 31, 2013
- (51) LOC (9) Cl. 16-06
- (52) U.S. Cl.

USPC **D16/325**; D16/326; D16/335

Field of Classification Search

USPC D16/101, 300-342, 900; D29/109-110; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 351/103-123, 140-153, 45-46; 2/426-432, 2/447-449, 441, 434-437, 13, 15; D21/483, 659–661; D14/372

See application file for complete search history.

(56)References Cited

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D548,269 S	8/2007	Baden et al.
D556,246 S	11/2007	Yee
D556,818 S	12/2007	Jannard et al.
D558,816 S	1/2008	Yee
D561,812 S	2/2008	Fox et al.
D561,813 S	2/2008	Baden et al.
D564,572 S	3/2008	Yee et al.
D565,088 S	3/2008	Baden et al.
D565,089 S	3/2008	Baden et al.
D572,747 S	7/2008	Baden et al.
D572,749 S	7/2008	Yee
D573,172 S	7/2008	Baden et al.
D575,323 S	8/2008	Jannard et al.
D577,759 S	9/2008	Yee
D581,449 S	11/2008	Yee

D581,450 S	11/2008	Yee
D583,404 S	12/2008	Baden et al.
D584,335 S	1/2009	Baden et al.
D599,838 S	9/2009	Rohrbach
D599,839 S	9/2009	Rohrbach
D601,603 S	10/2009	Yee
D604,757 S	11/2009	Yee
D604,758 S	11/2009	Rohrbach et al.
D604,759 S	11/2009	Rohrbach et al.
D607,040 S	12/2009	Rohrbach
D610,604 S	2/2010	Thixton
D615,580 S	5/2010	Baden et al.
	(Con	tinued)

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U.S. Appl. No. 29/427,769, filed Jul. 23, 2012, Shin.

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

CLAIM

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass showing my new design in which the different shading techniques including the line shading in some areas and the stippling in other areas of the eyeglass represent a contrast in appearance, and is not intended to represent any specific color, texture and/or material;

FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof;

The broken lines in the Figures show portions of the eyeglass which form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets

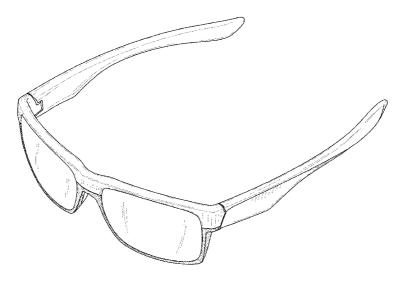


EXHIBIT C Page 11

Case 3:16-cv-02693-GPC-KSC Document 1 Filed 10/31/16 Page 34 of 81

US D692,047 S Page 2

(56)		Referen	ces Cited	D653,699 S D654 530 S *	2/2012 2/2012	Shin Markovitz et al D16/326
	U.S.	PATENT	DOCUMENTS	D659,181 S D659,182 S	5/2012	Moritz Shin et al.
D645,076 D648,771	B2 S * S	6/2011 9/2011 11/2011	Thixton Calilung et al. Markovitz et al	D664,183 S * D665,009 S *	7/2012 8/2012	Shin D16/326 Shin D16/309 Stepan et al. D16/309 Nibauer et al. D16/326 Yoo D16/326
D652,442	\mathbf{S}	1/2012	Yee et al.	* cited by examiner		

Oct. 22, 2013

Sheet 1 of 4

US D692,047 S

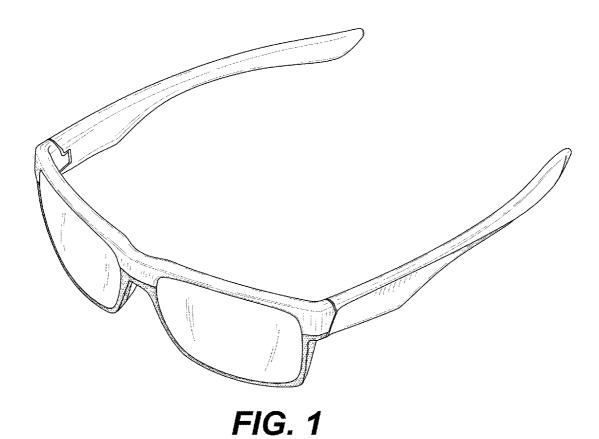


EXHIBIT C Page 13

Oct. 22, 2013

Sheet 2 of 4

US D692,047 S

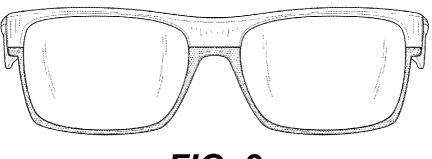
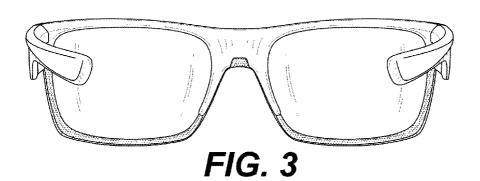
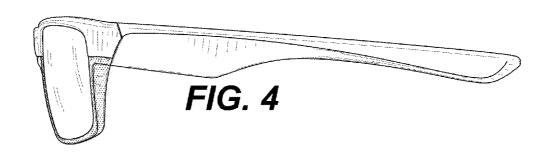


FIG. 2





Oct. 22, 2013

Sheet 3 of 4

US D692,047 S

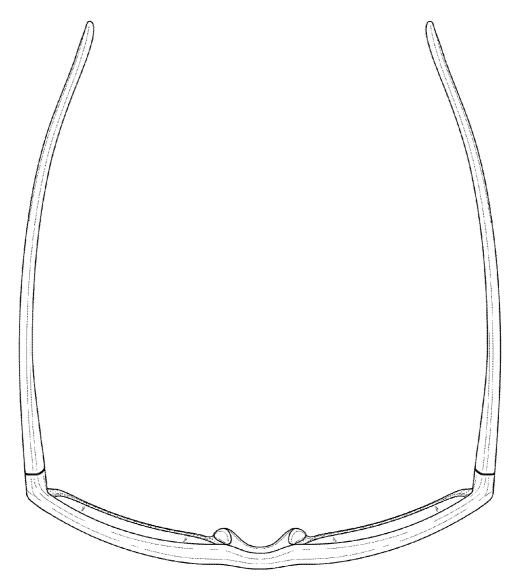


FIG. 5

Oct. 22, 2013 Sheet 4 of 4

US D692,047 S

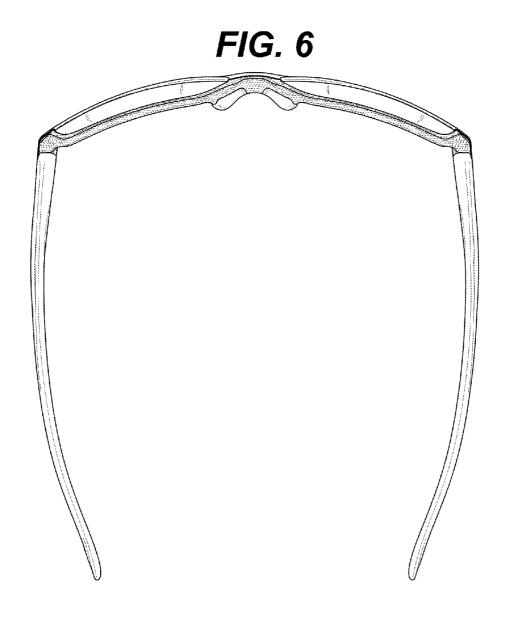


EXHIBIT D

US00D676479S

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

(10) Patent No.: US D676,479 S (45) Date of Patent: ** Feb. 19, 2013

(54)	EYEGLA	SS
(75)	Inventor:	George Yoo, Aliso Viejo, CA (US)
(73)	Assignee:	Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
(**)	Term:	14 Years
(21)	Appl. No.:	29/427,258
(22)	Filed:	Jul. 16, 2012
(51)	LOC (9) C	Cl
(52)	U.S. Cl	D16/326 ; D16/335
(58)	Field of C	lassification Search D16/101,
	D16/3	300–342, 900; D29/109–110; D24/110.2;
		351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–123,
	3.	51/140, 153, 45–46; 2/426–432, 447–449,
	2/-	441, 434–437, 13, 15; D21/483, 659–661;
		D14/372

(56) References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

See application file for complete search history.

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D547,794 S		7/2007	Jannard et al.	
D548,269 S		8/2007	Baden et al.	
D550,755 S	sķ.	9/2007	Fuchs	D16/326
D556,246 S		11/2007	Yee	
D556,818 S		12/2007	Jannard et al.	
D558,816 S		1/2008	Yee	
D561,810 S		2/2008	Fox et al.	
D561,811 S		2/2008	Fox et al.	
D561,812 S	*	2/2008	Fox et al	D16/325
D561,813 S	*	2/2008	Baden et al	D16/325
D565,088 S		3/2008	Baden et al.	
D565,090 S		3/2008	Yee	
D572,747 S		7/2008	Baden et al.	
D575,323 S	aļ¢	8/2008	Jannard et al	D16/326

D577,759	S		9/2008	Yee	
D581,449	\mathbf{S}		11/2008	Yee	
D581,450	S		11/2008	Moritz	
D581,451	S		11/2008	Yee	
D584,335	\mathbf{S}		1/2009	Baden et al.	
D586,379	S		2/2009	Thixton et al.	
D586,380	S		2/2009	Yee	
D604,759	\mathbf{S}	*	11/2009	Rohrbach et al	D16/326
D607,040	S	*	12/2009	Rohrbach	D16/326
D610,603	\mathbf{S}		2/2010	Thixton	
D610,604	\mathbf{S}		2/2010	Thixton	
D618,271	\mathbf{S}	*	6/2010	Chen	D16/326
D620,970	S		8/2010	Thixton	
D648,771	\mathbf{S}		11/2011	Rohrbach	
D649,579	\mathbf{S}		11/2011	Thixton	
D650,825	S		12/2011	Yee et al.	
D652,442			1/2012	Yee et al.	
D659,179	S		5/2012	Thixton	
D659,182	S		5/2012	Shin et al.	
1.1					

^{*} cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear, LLP

(57) CLAIM

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass showing an embodiment of my new design;

FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;

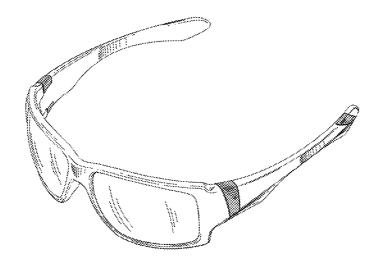
FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

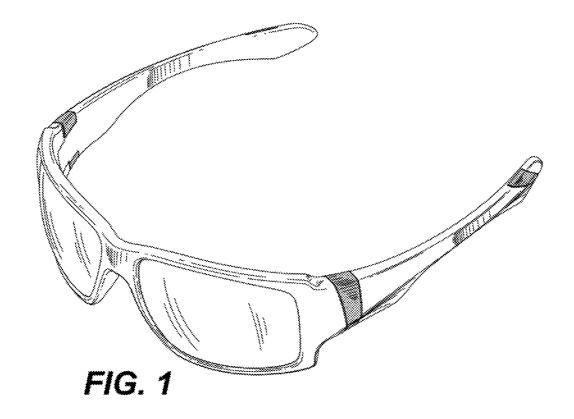
FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



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Sheet 1 of 4



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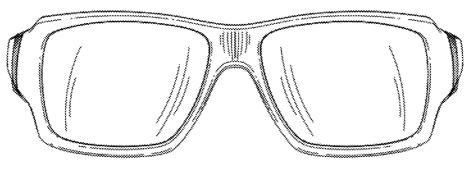


FIG. 2

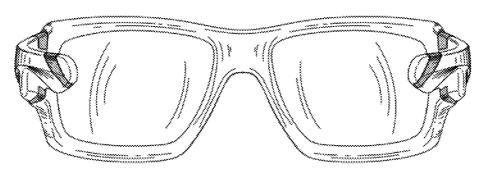
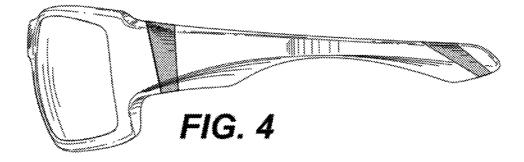


FIG. 3



Feb. 19, 2013

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FIG. 5

Feb. 19, 2013

Sheet 4 of 4

FIG. 6



EXHIBIT E

6/2008 Fuchs

Jannard et al.

Jannard et al.

Yang

Yee

12/2009 Rohrbach

Rohrbach

Shin et al.

Rohrbach et al.

Rohrbach et al.

8/2008

11/2008

12/2008

1/2009

2/2009

6/2009

9/2009

10/2009

11/2009

11/2009

11/2009

12/2009

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

Thixton

US D649,579 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

D570,897 S

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D581,444 S

D583,405 S

D585,475 S

D586,379 S

D595,333 S

D599,838 S

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D604,756 S D604,758 S

D604,759 S

D606,578 S

D607,040 S

** Nov. 29, 2011

Chen D16/326

Markovitz et al. D16/320

(54)	EYEGLA	SS
(75)	Inventor:	Lek Thixton, Eastsound, WA (US)
(73)	Assignee:	Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
(**)	Term:	14 Years
(21)	Appl. No.:	29/391,383
(22)	Filed:	May 6, 2011
(51)	LOC (9) C	Cl 16-06
		10 00
(52)		
(52) (58)	U.S. Cl	
	U.S. Cl Field of Cl	D16/321 ; D16/326
	U.S. Cl Field of Cl	
	U.S. Cl Field of Cl D16/	

D620,970 S D622,304 S

D610,603 S 2/2010 Thixton D610,604 S 2/2010 Thixton 5/2010 Reed D616,013 S D616,919 S 6/2010 Thixton 8/2010 Thixton 8/2010

Baden et al. D629,830 S 12/2010 Markovitz et al. D16/326 D636,010 S 4/2011 Moritz

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See application file for complete search history.

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D192,885 S		5/1962	Pettito	
D210,418 S		3/1968	Bloch et al.	
D218,569 S		9/1970	McCracken	
D244,281 S	*	5/1977	Teufelhart	D16/326
D380,766 S		7/1997	Simioni	
D488,499 S	sķ.	4/2004	Mage	D16/326
D497,934 S		11/2004	Sheldon	
D534,573 S	*	1/2007	Mage	D16/326
D539,833 S		4/2007	Chuang	
D545,348 S	*	6/2007	Chen	D16/326
D545,868 S		7/2007	Chuang	
D550,272 S		9/2007	Markovitz	
D554,689 S		11/2007	Jannard et al.	
D555,705 S		11/2007	Chuang	
D561,809 S		2/2008	Yee	
D561,811 S	*	2/2008	Fox et al	D16/325
D561,812 S	ajk	2/2008	Fox et al.	D16/325
D561,813 S	*	2/2008	Baden et al	D16/325
D569,412 S		5/2008	Jannard et al.	

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

(57)CLAIM

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass of the present

FIG. 2 is a front elevational view of the eyeglass of FIG. 1;

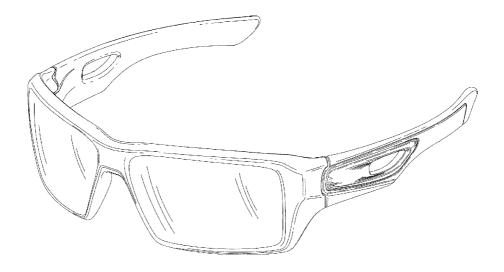
FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view of the eyeglass of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view of the eyeglass of FIG. 1, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view of the eyeglass of FIG. 1; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view of the eyeglass of FIG. 1.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



Nov. 29, 2011

Sheet 1 of 4

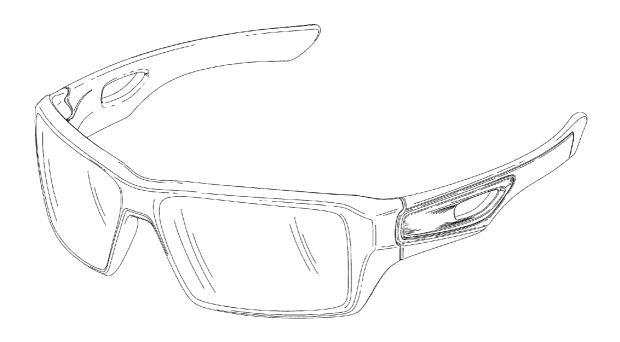
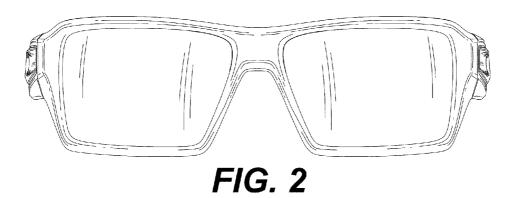
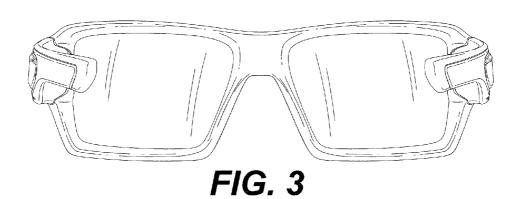


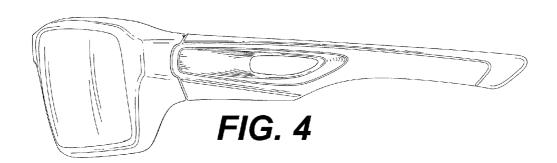
FIG. 1

U.S. Patent Nov. 29, 2011

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U.S. Patent Nov. 29, 2011 Sheet 3 of 4

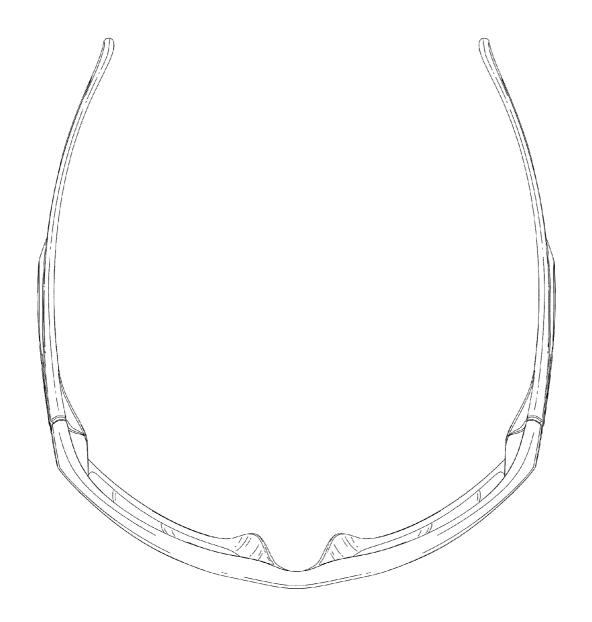


FIG. 5

U.S. Patent Nov. 29, 2011 Sheet 4 of 4

FIG. 6

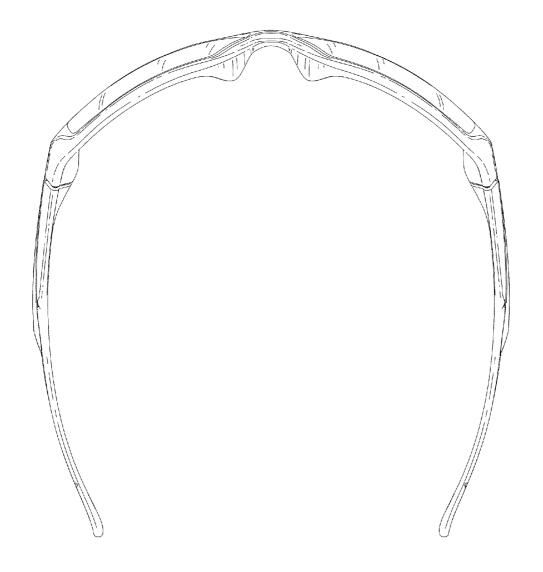


EXHIBIT F

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

Jannard et al.

US D547,794 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

Jul. 31, 2007

(54) EYEGLASSES

(75)	Inventors:	James H. Jannard, Spieden Island, WA
		(US); Hans Karsten Moritz, Foothill
		Ranch, CA (US); Colin Baden, Irvine,
		CA (US)

- (73) Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
- Term: 14 Years
- Appl. No.: 29/227,719
- (22) Filed: Apr. 13, 2005

(51)	LOC (8) Cl.		16-06
(50)	HC CL	n.	161226

Field of Classification Search D16/300-330, (58)D16/101, 332-338; D29/109-110; D24/110.2; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–111, 351/156, 61, 114-119, 121-123; 2/426-432,2/447-449, 441, 436, 434-437

See application file for complete search history.

References Cited (56)

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D193,028 S		6/1962	Petitto
D199,150 S		9/1964	Carmichael
D202,658 S		10/1965	Petitto
D209,862 S		1/1968	McCracken
D210,418 S	ağı:	3/1968	Bloch D16/326
D218,569 S	aķe	9/1970	McCracken D16/325
D264,094 S	*	4/1982	Morris D16/325
D268,683 S		4/1983	Tenny
D285,020 S		8/1986	Schmidthaler
D372,726 S		8/1996	Simioni
D390,589 S		2/1998	Simioni
D397,351 S		8/1998	Simioni
D399,238 S	*	10/1998	Simioni D16/326
D407,099 S		3/1999	Wang

D414,796 S		10/1999	Arnette
D420,035 S	ρķε	2/2000	Hartman D16/325
D449,641 S	*	10/2001	Arnette D16/326
D488,499 S	aķt	4/2004	Mage D16/326
D500,781 S	*	1/2005	Mage D16/326
D518,847 S	*	4/2006	Teng D16/326
D532,033 S	崃	11/2006	Mangum D16/326
D534,572 S	*	1/2007	Teng D16/326
D534,573 S	崃	1/2007	Mage D16/326
D536,028 S	*	1/2007	Paulson D16/326
D537,467 S	*	2/2007	Teng D16/326

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Sunglass Hut, p. 5, 2002.*

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Raphael Barkai (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Gregory K. Nelson

CLAIM

The ornamental design for an eyeglasses, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of the eyeglasses of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a left-side elevational view of the eyeglasses, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 3 is a front elevational view thereof;

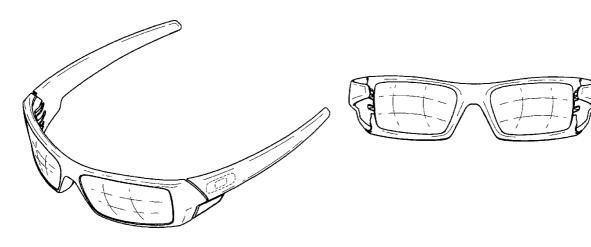
FIG. 4 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

Phantom lining, where utilized, is for illustrative purposes only and is not intended to limit the claimed design to the features shown in phantom.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



Jul. 31, 2007

Sheet 1 of 4

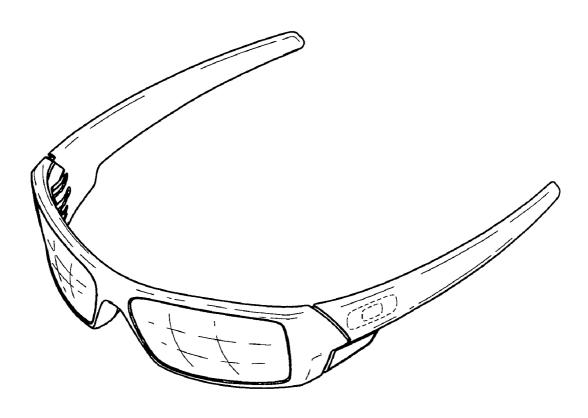
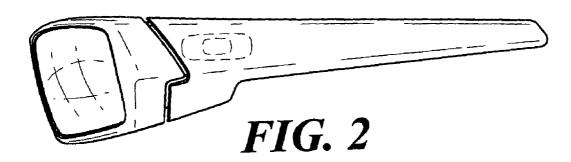


FIG. 1

Jul. 31, 2007

Sheet 2 of 4



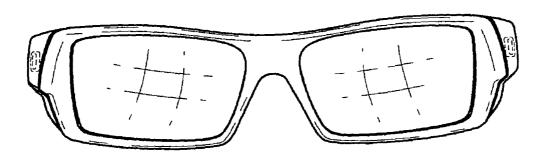


FIG. 3

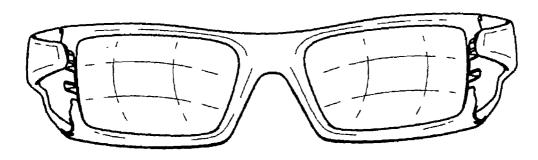


FIG. 4

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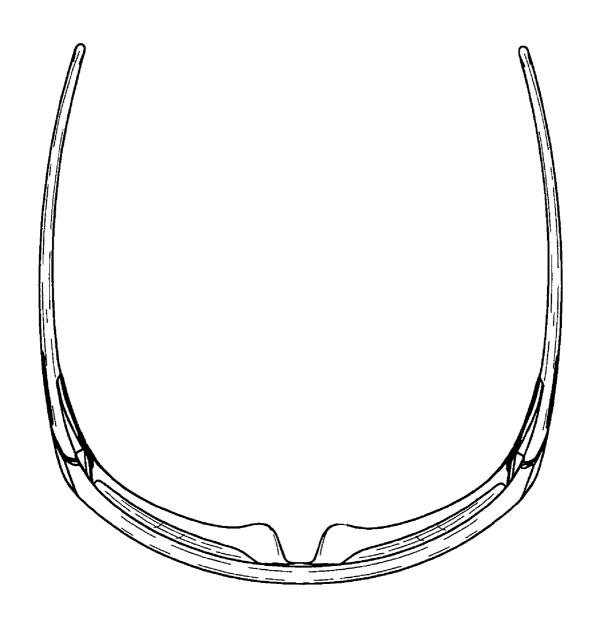


FIG. 5

U.S. Patent Jul. 31, 2007 Sheet 4 of 4

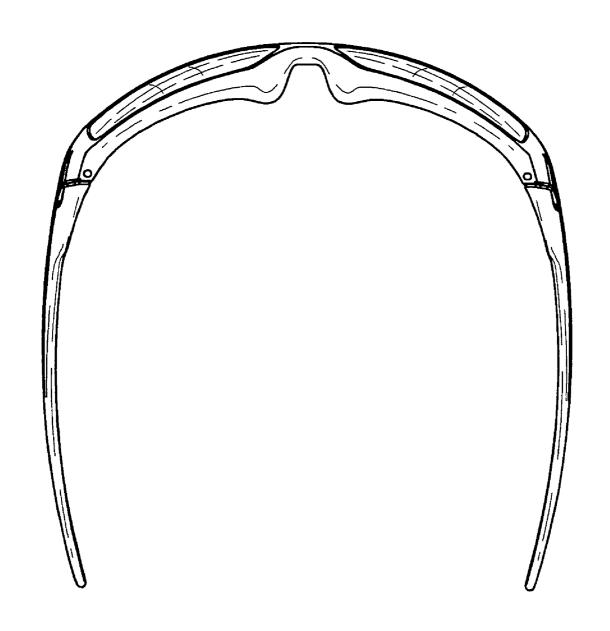


FIG. 6

EXHIBIT G

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

Jannard et al.

US D554,689 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

Nov. 6, 2007

(54) EYEGLASS FRAME

(75)	Inventors:	James H. Jannard, Spieden Island, WA
		(US); Hans Karsten Moritz, Foothill
		Ranch, CA (US); Colin Baden, Irvine,
		CA (US)

(73) Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)

Term: 14 Years

(21) Appl. No.: 29/272,776

(22) Filed: Feb. 15, 2007

Related U.S. Application Data

(62) Division of application No. 29/227,719, filed on Apr. 13, 2005.

(51)	LOC (8) Cl 16-06
(52)	U.S. Cl D16/326
(58)	Field of Classification Search D16/300-330
	D16/101, 332–338; D29/109–110; D24/110.2
	351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–111
	351/156, 61, 114–119, 121–123; 2/426–432
	2/447–449, 441, 436, 434–437
	See application file for complete search history.

(56)References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D192,885	\mathbf{S}	*	5/1962	Petitto D16/329
D193,028	\mathbf{S}		6/1962	Petitto
D199,150	\mathbf{S}		9/1964	Carmichael
D202,658	\mathbf{S}		10/1965	Petitto
D209,862	\mathbf{S}		1/1968	McCracken
D210,418	\mathbf{S}	*	3/1968	Bloch D16/326
D218,569	\mathbf{S}	»įk	9/1970	McCracken D16/325
D264,094	\mathbf{S}	*	4/1982	Morris D16/325
D268,683	\mathbf{S}		4/1983	Tenny
D285,020	\mathbf{S}		8/1986	Schmidthaler
D372,726	S		8/1996	Simioni
D390,589	\mathbf{S}		2/1998	Simioni
D397,351	\mathbf{S}		8/1998	Simioni

D399,238	\mathbf{S}	nķt	10/1998	Simioni	D16/326
D407,099	S		3/1999	Wang	
D414,796	S		10/1999	Arnette	
D420,035	S	*	2/2000	Hartman	D16/325
D449,641	S	*	10/2001	Arnette	D16/326
D488,499	\mathbf{S}	*	4/2004	Mage	D16/326
D500,781	S	*	1/2005	Mage	D16/326
D518,847	\mathbf{S}	*	4/2006	Teng	D16/326
D532,033	S	*	11/2006	Mangum	D16/326
D534,572	\mathbf{S}	*	1/2007	Teng	D16/326
D534,573	S	*	1/2007	Mage	D16/326
D536,028	S	*	1/2007	Paulson	D16/326
D537,467	\mathbf{S}	*	2/2007	Teng	D16/326

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Sunglass Hut, p. 5, 2002.*

U.S. Appl. No. 29/227,719, filed Apr. 13, 2005, Jannard, Pending application.

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Raphael Barkai (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Gregory K. Nelson

(57) **CLAIM**

The ornamental design for an eyeglass frame, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of the eyeglass frame of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a left-side elevational view thereof, the right-side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 3 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 4 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top elevational view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

Phantom lining, where utilized, is for illustrative purposes only and is not intended to limit the claimed design to the features shown in phantom.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets

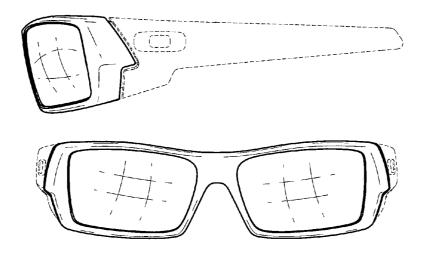


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Nov. 6, 2007

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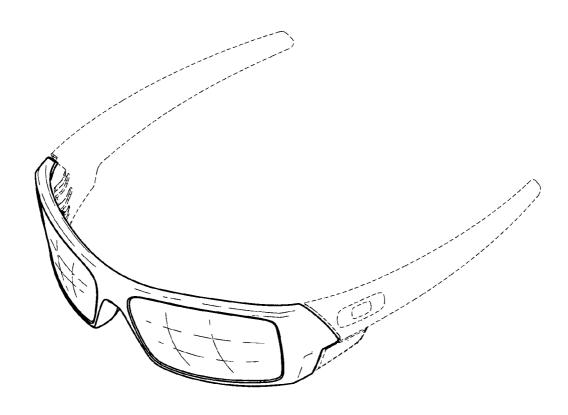
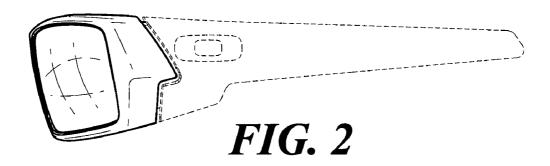


FIG. 1

Nov. 6, 2007

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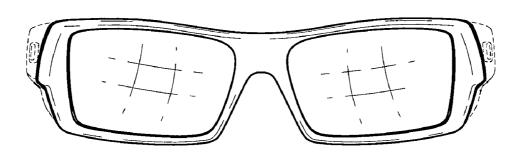


FIG. 3

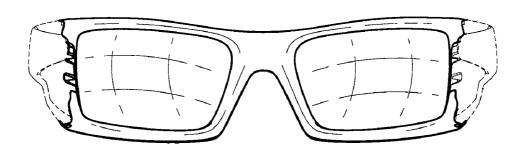


FIG. 4

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FIG. 5

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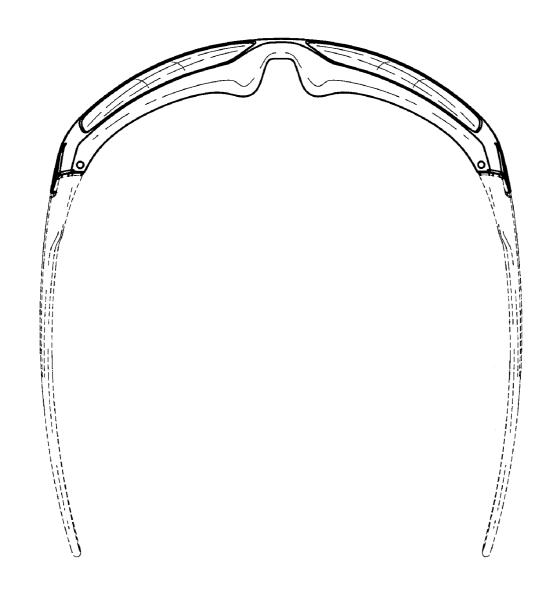


FIG. 6

EXHIBIT H

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

Jannard et al.

US D556,818 S

(45) Date of Patent:

Dec. 4, 2007

(54) EYEGLASS COMPONENTS

(75) Inventors: James H. Jannard, Spieden Island, WA (US); Hans Karsten Moritz, Foothill Ranch, CA (US); Colin Baden, Irvine, CA (US)

(73) Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)

Term: 14 Years

(21) Appl. No.: 29/272,777

(22) Filed: Feb. 15, 2007

Related U.S. Application Data

(62) Division of application No. 29/227,719, filed on Apr. 13, 2005, now Pat. No. Des. 547,794.

(51) LOC (8) Cl. 16-06

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **D16/326**; D16/335

(58) Field of Classification Search D16/300-330, D16/101, 332-338; D29/109-110; D24/110.2; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 103–111, 351/156, 61, 114-119, 121-123; 2/426-432, 2/447-449, 441, 436, 434-437

See application file for complete search history.

(56)References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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D199,150 S	9/1964	Carmichael
D202,658 S	10/1965	Petitto
D209,862 S	1/1968	McCracken
D268,683 S	4/1983	Tenny
D285,020 S	8/1986	Schmidthale
D372,726 S	8/1996	Simioni
D390,589 S	2/1998	Simioni
D397,351 S	8/1998	Simioni
D407,099 S	3/1999	Wang
D414,796 S	10/1999	Arnette

D481,063	S	*	10/2003	Lane	D16/326
D500,781				Mage	
D534,572	S	*	1/2007	Teng	D16/337
D535,318	S	ak:	1/2007	Teng	D16/335
D535,319	\mathbf{S}	*	1/2007	Chuang	D16/326
D536,026	\mathbf{S}	*	1/2007	Bruck	D16/326
D537,467	\mathbf{S}	*	2/2007	Teng	D16/326

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Pending U.S. Appl. No. 29/227,719, filed Apr. 13, 2005, Jannard.

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Raphael Barkai (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Gregory K. Nelson

(57)**CLAIM**

The ornamental design for an eyeglass components, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of the eyeglass components of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 4 is a lateral left-side elevational view thereof, the lateral right-side elevational view being a mirror image

FIG. 5 is a medial left-side elevational view thereof, the medial right-side elevational view being a mirror image thereof:

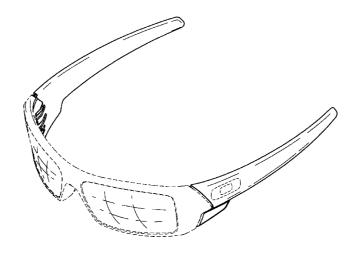
FIG. 6 is a rear elevational view thereof;

FIG. 7 is a bottom plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 8 is a top elevational view thereof.

Phantom lining, where utilized, is for illustrative purposes only and is not intended to limit the claimed design to the features shown in phantom.

1 Claim, 5 Drawing Sheets



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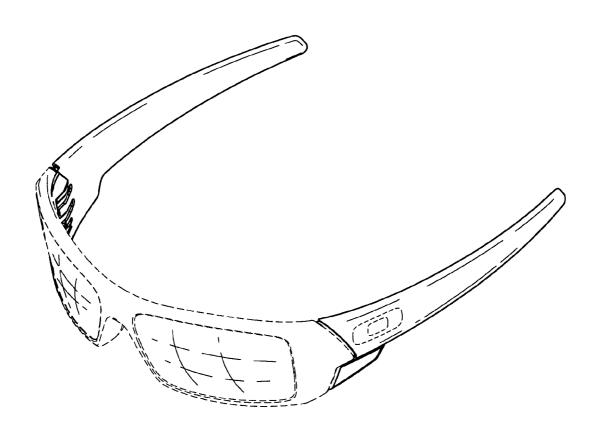


FIG. 1

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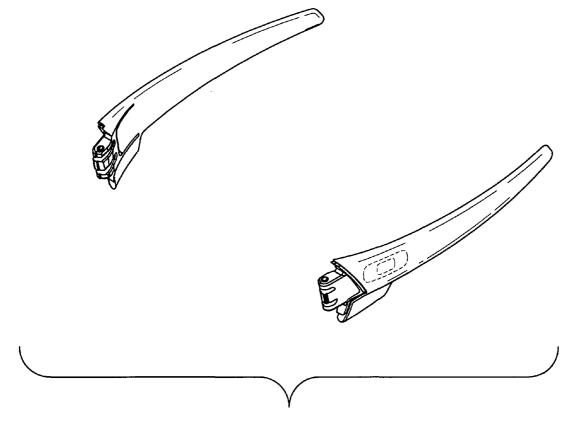


FIG. 2

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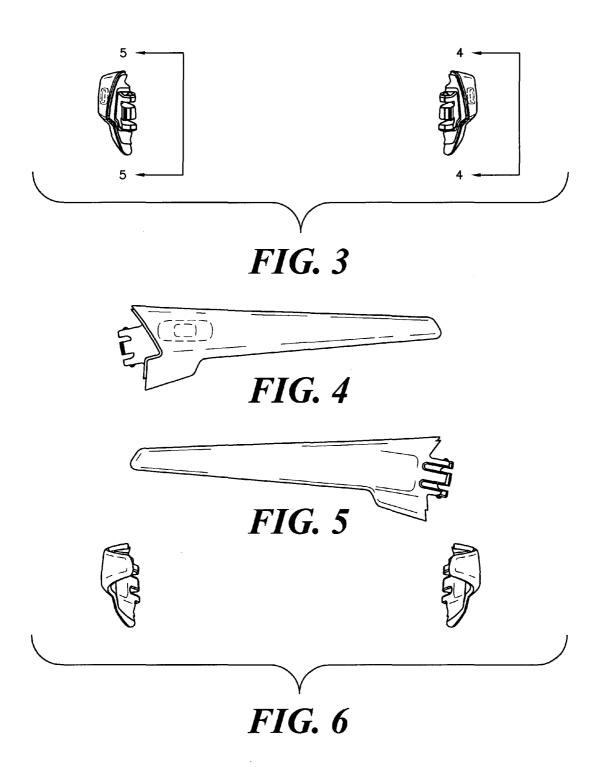


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Dec. 4, 2007

Sheet 4 of 5

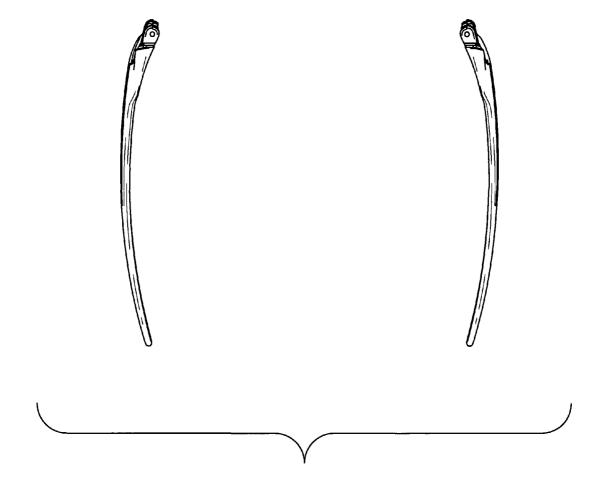


FIG. 7

Dec. 4, 2007

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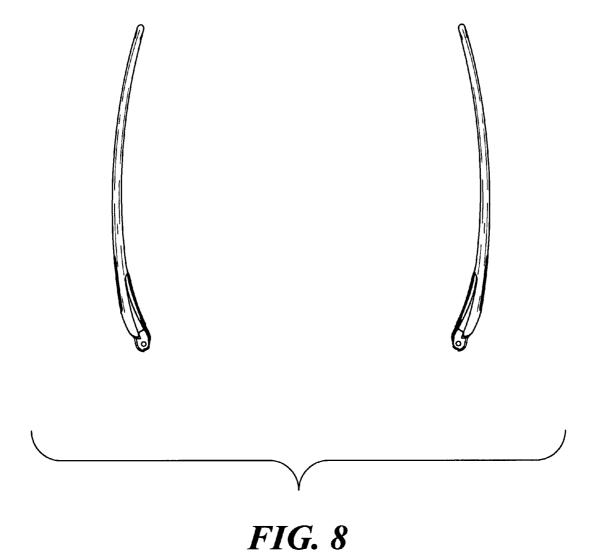


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EXHIBIT I

(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.: Shin

US D724,135 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

** Mar. 10, 2015

(54)	EYEGLAS	SS OR COMPONENTS THEREOF
(71)	Applicant:	Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
(72)	Inventor:	Jae Shin, Irvine, CA (US)
(73)	Assignee:	Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)
(**)	Term:	14 Years
(21)	Appl. No.:	29/484,252
(22)	Filed:	Mar. 7, 2014
	Rel	ated U.S. Application Data
(63)		on of application No. 29/427,769, filed on 12, now Pat. No. Des. 700,933.

- (51) LOC (10) Cl. 16-06
- (52) U.S. Cl. USPC **D16/335**

(58) Field of Classification Search

USPC D16/101, 300-342, 900; D29/109-110; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 351/103-123, 140-153, 63, 59, 45-46;2/426-432, 447-449, 441, 434-437, 2/13, 15; D21/483, 659-661; D14/372

See application file for complete search history.

References Cited (56)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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D409,222 S		5/1999	Raub	
D427,622 S		7/2000	Conway	
D490,458 S	nje	5/2004	Finquel	D16/326
D565,088 S		3/2008	Baden et al.	
D572,747 S		7/2008	Baden et al.	
D575,323 S	nje	8/2008	Jannard et al	D16/326
D577,759 S		9/2008	Yee	

D581,450 D599,838 D599,839 D604,758 D607,040 D615,579 D648,771 D650,825 D652,442 D653,699 D659,182 D662,124 D662,967 D675,666	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	妆	11/2011 12/2011 1/2012 2/2012 5/2012 6/2012 7/2012 2/2013	Moritz Rohrbach Rohrbach Rohrbach et al Rohrbach Markovitz Rohrbach Yee et al. Yee et al. Shin Shin et al. Shin Thixton et al.	D16/326
D675,666 D680,574 D692,047		*	2/2013 4/2013 10/2013	Thixton et al. DeCelles et al. Shin	D16/325

^{*} cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

(57)**CLAIM**

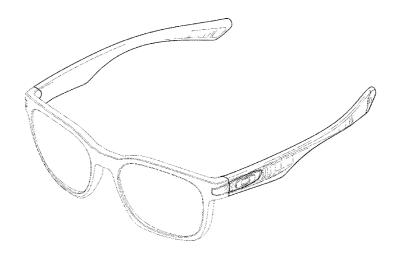
The ornamental design for an eyeglass or components thereof, as shown and described.

DESCRIPTION

- FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass or components thereof showing my new design;
- FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;
- FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;
- FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;
- FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,
- FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

The broken lines in the Figures show portions of the eyeglass or components thereof which form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



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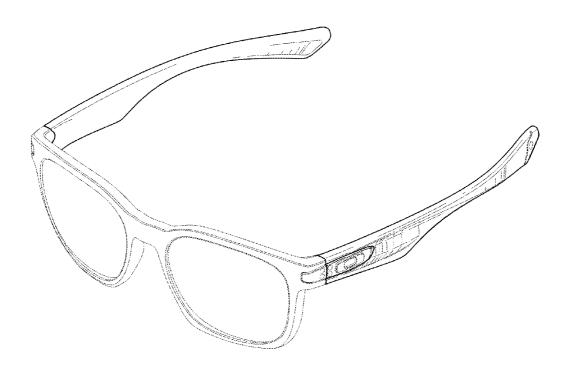
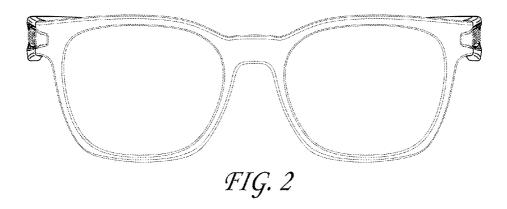
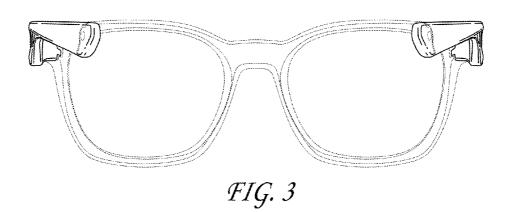


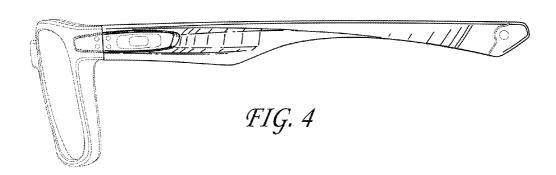
FIG. 1

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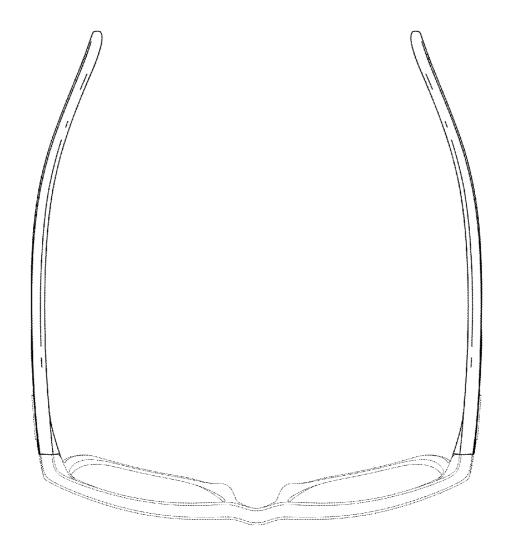


FIG. 5

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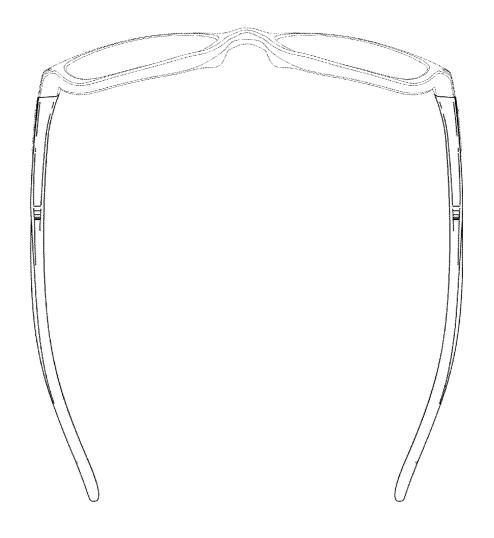


FIG. 6

EXHIBIT J



(12) United States Design Patent (10) Patent No.:

US D700,933 S

(45) **Date of Patent:**

** Mar. 11, 2014

(54) EYEGLASS

(75) Inventor: Jae Shin , Irvine, CA (U	(75)) Inventor:	Jae Shin	. Irvine.	CA	(US
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(73) Assignee: Oakley, Inc., Foothill Ranch, CA (US)

Term: 14 Years

(21) Appl. No.: 29/427,769

(22) Filed: Jul. 23, 2012

(51) LOC (10) Cl. 16-06

U.S. Cl.

USPC **D16/326**; D16/335

(58)Field of Classification Search

USPC D16/101, 300–342, 900; D29/109–110; 351/41, 44, 51–52, 62, 158, 92, 351/103-123, 140-153, 45-46; 2/426-432, 2/447-449, 441, 434-437, 13, 15; D21/483, 659-661; D14/372

See application file for complete search history.

(56)**References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D409,222 S	S	*	5/1999	Raub	D16/326
D427,622 S	S	*	7/2000	Conway	D16/326
D565,088 S	S		3/2008	Baden et al.	
D572,747	\mathbf{S}		7/2008	Baden et al.	
D575,323 S	\mathbf{S}		8/2008	Jannard et al.	
D577,759 S	\mathbf{S}		9/2008	Yee	
D581,450 S	\mathbf{S}		11/2008	Moritz	
D599,838 S	S		9/2009	Rohrbach	
D599,839	\mathbf{S}		9/2009	Rohrbach	
D604,758	S		11/2009	Rohrbach	
D604,759	S		11/2009	Rohrbach	

D680,574 S * 4/2013 Decelles et al D16/309	D607,040 D615,579 D648,771 D650,825 D652,442 D653,699 D659,182 D662,124 D662,967 D675,666	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		5/2010 11/2011 12/2011 1/2012 2/2012 5/2012 6/2012 7/2012	Shin Shin et al. Shin	
D080,5 /4 S * 4/2013 Decelles et al D16/309						
	D680,574	S	ple	4/2013	Decelles et al	D16/309

^{*} cited by examiner

Primary Examiner — Raphael Barkai

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

(57)**CLAIM**

The ornamental design for an eyeglass, as shown and

DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a front perspective view of an eyeglass showing my new design;

FIG. 2 is a front elevational view thereof;

FIG. 3 is a rear elevational view thereof;

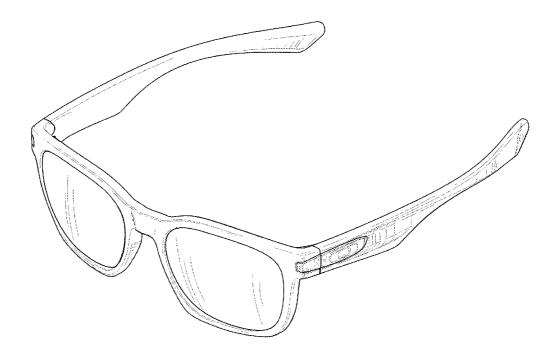
FIG. 4 is a left side elevational view thereof, the right side elevational view being a mirror image thereof;

FIG. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and,

FIG. 6 is a bottom plan view thereof.

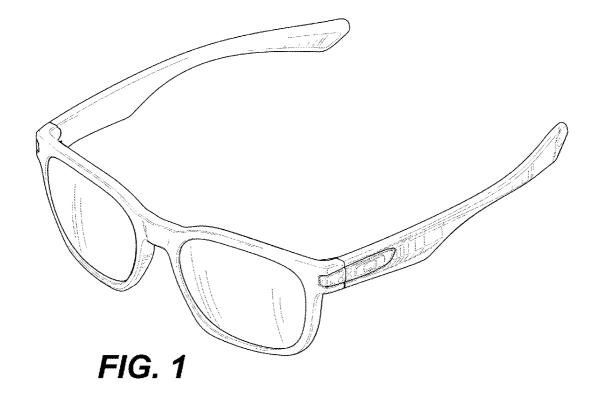
The broken lines in the Figures show portions of the eyeglass which form no part of the claimed design.

1 Claim, 4 Drawing Sheets



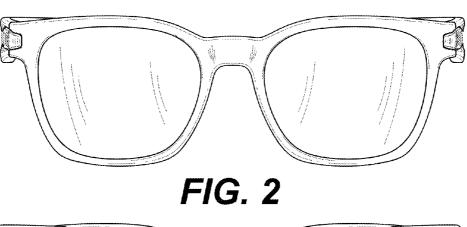
Mar. 11, 2014

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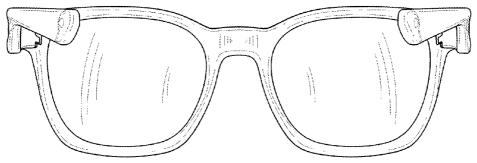
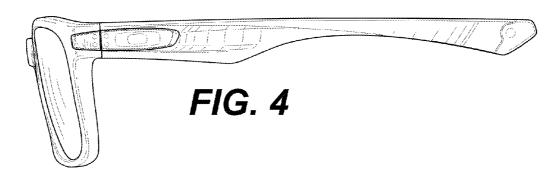


FIG. 3



Mar. 11, 2014

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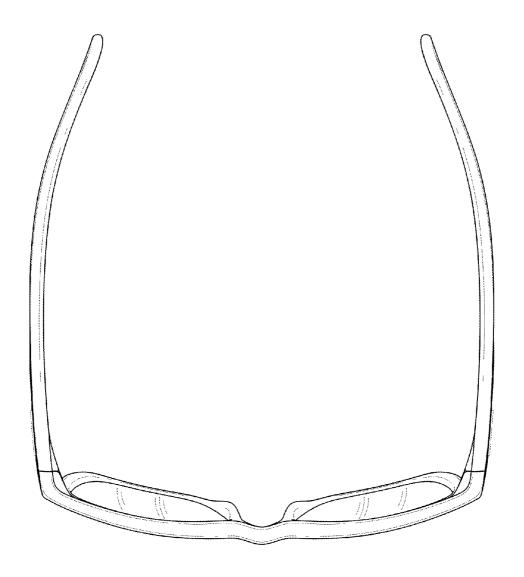


FIG. 5

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FIG. 6

