COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with a principal place of business located at 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, RI 02908. UNFI is registered to do business in the State of California.

3. Defendant United Natural Foods West Inc. ("UNFI West") is a subsidiary of UNFI and is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California with a principal place of business located at 1101 Sunset Boulevard, Rocklin, CA 95765. UNFI and UNFI West are collectively referred to herein as "UNFI" or "Defendants".

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. Upon information and belief, this Court has specific personal jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants have placed infringing goods into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they would be purchased in the State of California and/or otherwise has purposefully directed activities toward the State of California related to the sale of infringing goods.
- 6. Venue for this action is proper in the Central District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c) and 1400(b).

PATENTS-IN-SUIT

- 7. United States Patent Number 6,068,999 ("'999 patent") is titled "Dietary Supplement for Supporting Cerebrovascular Tone and Treating Migraine Headaches" and was duly and validly issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on May 30, 2000. A true and correct copy of the '999 patent is attached to and incorporated herein as Exhibit A.
- 8. United States Patent Number 6,500,450 (" '450 patent") is titled "Composition for Treating Migraine Headaches" and was duly and validly issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office on December 31, 2002. A true and correct copy of the '450 patent is attached and incorporated herein as Exhibit B.

The '999 and '450 patents are referred to collectively herein as the "Patents-in-Suit".

- 9. The Patents-in-Suit each name Akeso's founder, Curt Hendrix, as the sole inventor.
- 10. Akeso is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in the Patents-in-Suit, including all rights to sue and collect for past damages.

AKESO'S PATENTED INVENTIONS

- 11. The Patents-in-Suit relate to Mr. Hendrix's pioneering inventions for improving cerebrovascular tone and reducing the occurrence and severity of migraine headaches. While many compounds have been tried as remedies for migraine headaches, a major challenge in formulating an effective treatment for migraine headaches is combining the correct compounds at therapeutically effective dosages. The inventions claimed in Akeso's Patents-in-Suit overcame this challenge through novel and non-obvious proprietary combinations of feverfew plant extract (parthenolide), magnesium, and riboflavin.
- 12. Before the Patents-in-Suit, no known dietary supplement provided in a single treatment the wide range of therapeutic benefits that are provided by Akeso's patented inventions. In addition to improved cerebrovascular tone, patients receiving the preferred embodiment experienced significantly reduced occurrence of migraine headaches, decreased sensitivity to light and sound, reduced nausea, and increased mobility.
- 13. Akeso's MigreLief® products sold under the Patents-in-Suit succeeded in providing natural, drug-free relief for migraine headaches where others failed, meeting a long-felt but unresolved need. They have enjoyed great commercial success. And they have been widely copied in a variety of infringing products, including those sold by Defendants and many others.
- 14. Akeso makes and sells its patented MigreLief® products under the Patents-in-Suit. In accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 287(a), Akeso marks its

 3 Case No. 2:17-cv-01531

MigreLief® products with the number of the Patents-in-Suit.

2

DEFENDANTS'S WILLFUL INFRINGEMENT

3 4

15. Defendants have willfully infringed the Patents-in-Suit in connection with distribution of MigreLief® outside of authorized categories of trade.

6 7

5

16.

Defendants's conduct in connection with making, using, selling, offering to sell and/or importing MigreLief® directly infringes at least one claim of the '999 patent and at least one claim of the '450 patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).

8 9

10

In addition to direct infringement, Defendants are liable for 17. inducement of infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).

11 12

13

14

18. Use of MigreLief® as directed on the product label constitutes direct infringement of at least claim 16 of the '450 patent and at least claim 9 of the '999 patent. Defendants affirmatively direct and encourage users to directly infringe by administering the recommended daily dosage of a therapeutically effective amount of parthenolide, a magnesium salt and riboflavin, the magnesium salt being provided as a salt of an organic acid.

15 16

17

18

19

Akeso and its MigreLief® product are well known in the dietary supplement industry. Akeso's web site and every bottle of MigreLief® are marked with the numbers of the Patents-in-Suit. Upon information and belief, Defendants have actual and/or constructive knowledge of Akeso's MigreLief® product and of the Patents-in-Suit and of restrictions imposed by Akeso on categories of trade of Defendants's re-sales of MigreLief®.

20 21

22

23

Upon information and belief, Defendants knowingly induce 20. infringement of the Patents-in-Suit and possess specific intent to encourage direct infringement by users of MigreLief®. Accordingly, Defendants are liable for inducing infringement of the Patents-in-Suit pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §271(b).

24 25

26

27

21. Defendants further are liable for contributory infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

28

Case No. 2:17-cv-01531

- 22. MigreLief® is material to practicing the inventions of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 23. Administration of MigreLief® as directed on the label constitutes direct infringement of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 24. There are no substantial non-infringing uses of MigreLief®. On the contrary, the only known use, and the specific use directed on the product label, is to be administered for the purpose of reducing the symptoms of migraine headache in a directly infringing manner.
- 25. Upon information and belief, Defendants have knowledge of the Patents-in-Suit and of the fact that MigreLief® is especially made or adapted for use in infringement of the Patents-in-Suit.
- 26. Accordingly, Defendants are liable for contributory infringement of the Patents-in-Suit pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 27. Upon information and belief, Defendants have knowledge of the Patents-in-Suit and know or should know that their conduct in relation to MigreLief® infringes the Patents-in-Suit. Accordingly, Defendants' infringement is and has been willful, wanton, malicious, bad-faith, deliberate, consciously wrongful, flagrant, and/or characteristic of a pirate.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,068,999)

- 28. Akeso repeats and realleges the allegations of the foregoing paragraphs 1 through 27 as if fully set forth herein.
- 29. Defendants have directly infringed at least one claim of the '999 patent under 35 U.S.C. §§271(a) literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, and/or offering to sell MigreLief®.
- 30. Defendants have indirectly infringed at least one claim of the '999 patent by inducement under 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by instructing and encouraging end users and healthcare practitioners to directly infringe the '999 patent, literally -5 Case No. 2:17-cv-01531

and/or under the doctrine of equivalents. Defendants did so with knowledge of the '999 patent and specific intent to encourage end users and health care practitioners to directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents. End users and health care practitioners directly infringed the '999 patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, in connection with MigreLief®.

- 31. Defendants have indirectly infringed at least one claim of the '999 patent contributorily under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and selling MigreLief®, knowing the same to be especially made or especially adapted for use in an infringement of the '450 patent, and not a staple article or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial non-infringing use.
 - 32. Defendants's infringement is and has been willful.
- 33. Akeso has been damaged, in an amount to be determined, as a direct and proximate result of Defendants's infringement of the '999 patent.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,500,450)

- 34. Akeso repeats and realleges the allegations of the foregoing Paragraphs 1 through 33 as if fully set forth herein.
- 35. Defendants have directly infringed at least one claim of the '450 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, and/or offering to sell MigreLief®.
- 36. Defendants have indirectly infringed at least one claim of the '450 patent by inducement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) by instructing and encouraging end users and/or health care practitioners to directly infringe the '450 patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents. Defendants do so with knowledge of the '450 patent and specific intent to encourage end users and/or health care practitioners to directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents. End users and health care practitioners directly infringe the '450 patent, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, in connection with MigreLief®.

- 7 -

Case No. 2:17-cy-01531

	Case 2:17-cv-01531 Document 2 Filed 02/24/17 Page 8 of 8 Page ID #:11
1	just and proper.
2	JURY DEMAND
3	Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38 and Central District of
4	California L.R. 38-1, Akeso demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.
5	Cantoffia L.R. 30-1, Akeso demands a trial by jury on an issues so triable.
6	Data di Ealamana 24, 2017 NIWONI DE A DODWI I D
7	Dated: February 24, 2017 NIXON PEABODY LLP
8	By: /s/ Shawn G. Hansen
9	Attorneys for Plaintiff AKESO HEALTH SCIENCES, LLC
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	- 8 - Case No. 2:17-cv-01531

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT